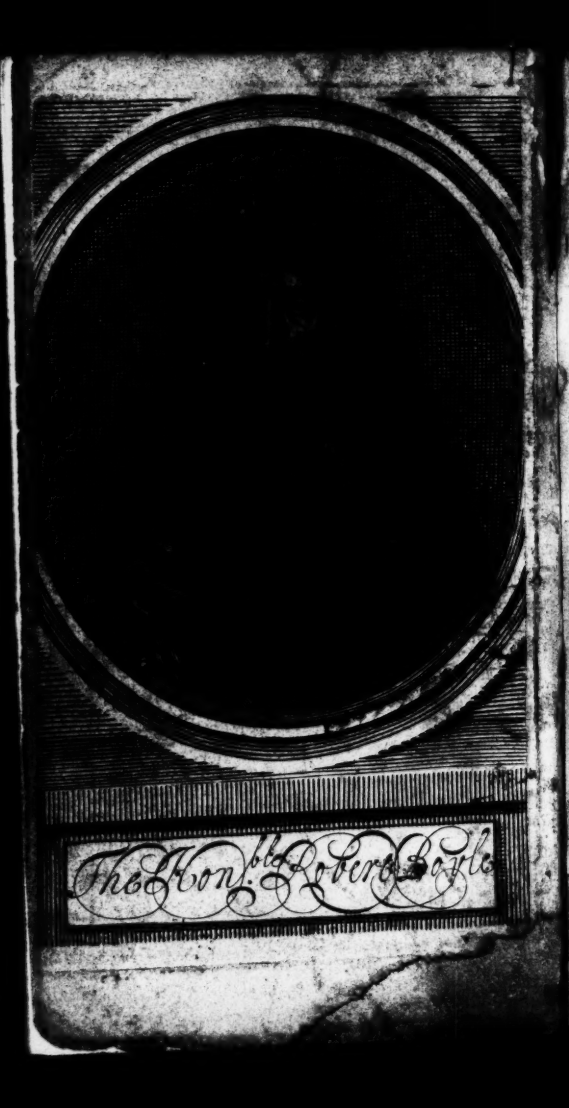
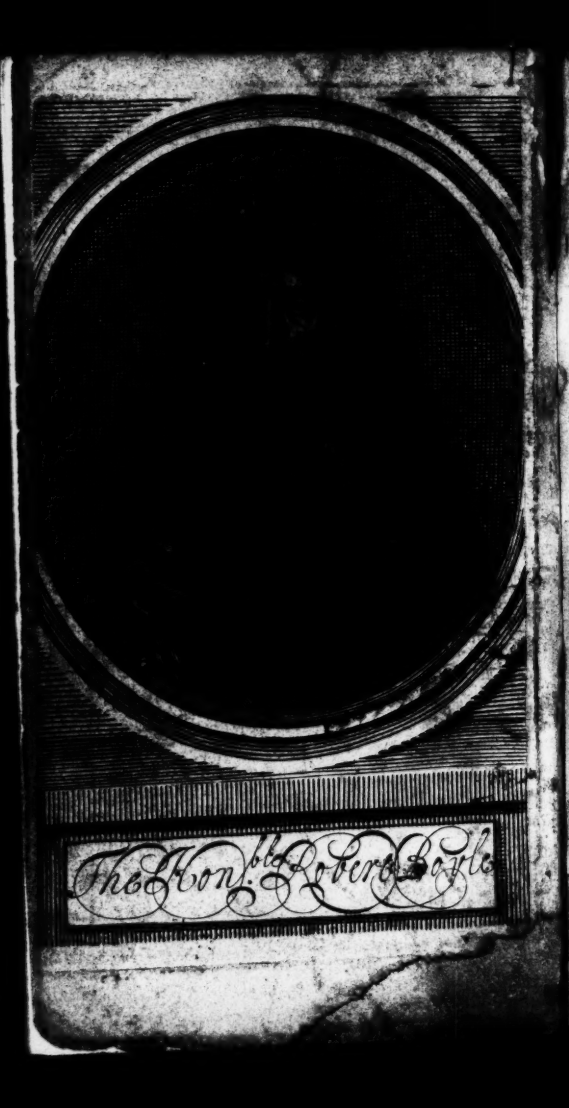

The Hon.ble Robert Boyle


The Hon.ble Robert Boyle

Medicinal Experiments:
OR, A
COLLECTION
OF
Choice and Safe Remedies,
FOR
The most part *Simple* and easily prepared: Very useful in Families, and fitted for the Service of Country People.

By the *Honourable* R. BOYLE, *Esq*; *Fellow of the* ROYAL SOCIETY.

The First and Second Volumes.

CONTAINING

About Four hundred Choice *Receipts*.

The Third Edition.

LONDON: Printed for *Samuel Smith*, and *B. Walford*, Printers to the Royal Society at the *Prince's Arms* in St. *Paul's Church-yard*. 1696.

THE PUBLISHER TO THE READER.

THese *Receipts*, taken out of a large Collection as consisting of a few safe Ingredients, commonly to be found at easie Rates in most places, were sent to a learned Physician beyond Sea: To whom they were a welcome Present, and answer'd, without doubt, the Ends he had in desiring them.

That excellent Person, to whom these choice Prescriptions are owing, did permit a few Copies of them to be Printed, and was pleased to put them in the Hands of some of his Friends, provided, as there was occasion, they would make Tryal of them, and faithfully report the Success.

Divers of those, who on these Conditions had received so great a Favour, held themselves obliged to enquire for

Persons affected with any of the Maladies against which the said Medicines were prescribed; and, upon many Experiments carefully made, having found, that frequently they have relieved those who used them, and sometimes strangely outdone Expectation; they addressed themselves with much Importunity to the Noble Author, to suffer Things, which were of such general Benefit, and so easily to be procured by the Poor, to be made more publick.

And at length he hath been prevailed with not only to allow the former *Receipts*, which but few had seen, to be Reprinted, but hath, out of his rich Treasury, stored us with a fresh Collection, which, as in Number it exceeds what we had before, so in Quality and Virtue it falls not short of it.

And if what here with such an honest and kind Design is offered to the Publick, be but candidly and favourably receiv'd, we may still hope for more Blessings of this sort from him, who has not only a constant Will and great Ability to do good, but hath, perhaps, obliged the Age as much as any private Person in it.

THE

THE
Author's PREFACE.

THough Physick be not my Profession, yet I hope this small Collection of Receipts will not incur the Censure of Equitable and Charitable Persons, tho' divers of them are professed Physicians, since as I was induc'd to what I had done by the Dictates of Philanthropy *and Christianity, so I was warranted by great Examples, both in Ancient Times, and in ours. Of the former sort, I take notice of several of the old Philosophers, such as* Democritus, Pythagoras, *to which some add* Aristotle; *and even divers Monarchs and great Men of those Times; such as* Jubar, *King of* Mauritania; *another King,* Nechepsos, *cited by* Galen, * Cato, Pliny, &c. *And of the second sort, not only by the last*

* De simpl. Medic. Facultatibus, lib. ix. Titulo *Jaspis Viridis.* Ac nonnulli quoque annulli inserunt, Scalpuntque in eo draconem radios habentem: Velut Rex *Nechepsos* memoriæ prodidit in sexto & decimo libro.

Age, and the first part of our own, but by very late Times, and in a Neighbouring Nation, whose Customs we are wont sufficiently to esteem and imitate, we may be furnish'd with Examples to our present purpose. For the French *King himself, who has rais'd the Majesty of a Crown'd Head so high, did not think it beneath the Grandeur of so great a Monarch to Order the Publication of the* English *Remedy, as the* French *called the* Peruvian *Bark, which at a great Rate he Purchased from Talbor, an* English *Emperick, Famous for his many and speedy Cures of Quartans, and other Agues. By the Authority of the same Prince, who has been a great Encourager of divers parts of Learning, there has been some Years since setled at* Paris *a Society or Assembly of Physicians, Chirurgeons, and others, whose main Business is to keep Correspondency in several Parts, and receive Informations of the Novelties that occur about Diseases, and impart to the Publick such as they shall think worthy and seasonable; which Communications consist not only of new Discoveries, odd Cases, Speculations, and Observations, but of Receipts and Processes of Remedies, Printed for the most part in* French, *the common Language of the People. Divers of which Remedies, have upon Tryal been found useful,*

as

as well in England as in France. There has been also lately in that Kingdom a Book Printed more than once, that makes yet more for my purpose. For there has been publish'd in the French Tongue a large Collection of Receipts, for almost all Diseases, plac'd in Alphabetical Order; and tho' these Receipts are Circumstantially delivered in the Mother-Tongue of the People, yet they came not forth without the License or Authority of the Faculty of Physick, and were (at least the first Time) so well receiv'd and approv'd, that in divers places the respective Bishops authorized them by their Publick Approbation, and recommended them upon the Account receiv'd, or the good Effects they had produc'd both to the other Charitable Persons, and to the Curates (or Parish Priests) in their Dioceses.

In complying with the desires of many, and with the Dictates of Philanthropy, I hope I may procure my Medicinal Receipts and Processes the more favourable Reception, if I shew that I might justly have a peculiar and personal Repugnancy to this Work. For many may think it strange, as I my self have been prone to do, that I should presume to recommend Medicines to others, who for divers Years have been so infirm and sickly my self. And some 'tis like will upbraid me with Medice Cura teipsum. But on this

occasion, I may represent, that being the thirteenth or fourteenth Child of a Mother, that was not above 42 or 43 Years old when she dyed of a Consumption, 'tis no wonder I have not inherited a robust, or healthy Constitution. Many also have said, in my Excuse, as they think, that I brought my self to so much sicklines by over much Study. But I must add, that tho' both the forementioned Causes concur'd, yet I impute my infirm condition more to a third, then to both together. For the grand Original of the Mischiefs that have for many Years afflicted me, was a fall from an unruly Horse into a deep place, by which I was so bruised, that I feel the bad Effects of it to this day. For this Mischance happening in Ireland, *and I being fore'd to take a long Journey, before I was well recovered, the bad Weather I met with, and the as bad Accommodation in* Irish *Inns, and the mistake of an unskilful or drunken Guide, who made me wander almost all Night upon some Wild Mountains, put me into a Fever and a Dropsie,* (viz. *an* Anasarca:) *For a compleat Cure of which I past into* England, *and came to* London; *but in so unlucky a time, that an ill-condition'd Fever rag'd there, and seiz'd on me among many others; and tho' through God's goodness, I at length recovered, yet left me exceeding weak for a great while after;*

after; and then for a farewel, it cast me into a violent Quotidian *or double Tertian Ague, with a sense of decay in my Eyes, which during my long Sickness I had exercis'd too much upon Critical Books stuft with* Hebrew, *and other Eastern Characters: I will not urge that divers have wondred that a Person in such bad Circumstances has by the help of Care and Medicines (for they forget what ought to be ascrib'd to God) should be able to hold out so long against them. But this after the foregoing Relation may well be said, that it need be no great wonder, if after such a train of Mischiefs, which was succeeded by a Scorbutick Cholick that struck into my Limbs, and deprived me of the use of my Hands and Feet for many Months, I have not enjoy'd much Health, notwithstanding my being acquainted with several Choice Medicines; especially since divers of these I dare not use, because by long sitting, when I had the Palsie, I got the Stone, voiding some large ones (as well as making bloody Water) and by that Disease so great a tenderness in my Kidneys, that I can bear no Diuxeticks, tho' of the milder sort, and that I am forc'd to forbear several Remedies for my other Distempers, that I know to be good ones, and amongst them divers, that by God's Blessing, I have successfully try'd on others. This short Nar-*

rative may, I hope, suffice to shew that my Personal Maladies and Sicklines cannot rightly infer the inefficacy of the Medicines I impart or recommended, and if it shew That, it will do all that was aim'd at by this Representation.

If some Receipts or Processes (for I hope they will not be many) should happen to be met with in the following Collection, that may be also found either in some Printed Book or other, 'tis hop'd an indulgent Reader will either excuse or pardon that Venial fault, especially if we consider, First, That neither Physick nor Chymistery being my Profession, I did not think my self oblig'd to peruse any store of Medicinal Books, and therefore may well be suppos'd to be unacquainted with a great many of them, much more with many of their Receipts and Processes. And indeed I find by some of the latter Printed Catalogues of Books written about the Physicians Art, that there is a multitude of them, which when I wrote, I had never seen, or perhaps so much as heard of. Secondly, That 'tis so usual for Authors, especially that Writ either Systems or Collections, to set down store of Prescriptions dictated by their Conjectures, not their Tryals, and yet without giving a distinct Character of almost any of them in particular: That if I had met there with

some

some of the same that I am speaking of, I should not have selected them from a great number of other undistinguish'd ones; and 'tis easie to observe that there is a great deal of difference betwixt being told by an Author that many things, and among the rest, but not before them, this or that Drug, or Receipt is good for such a Disease, and to have particular notice given of it, and not only to be confirm'd that 'tis good, but to be told how good it is, and possibly also that it may be usefully employ'd in other Distempers besides those for which 'tis prescrib'd in the Printed Book.

The most of these Receipts are intended chiefly for the use of those that live in the Country, in Places where Physicians are scarce if at all to be had, especially by Poor People. And because very frequently a Labouring-Man, or a Handicrafts Man, or some Tradesman has a whole Family depending upon him, being maintain'd by his Pains and Industry, and yet is disabled to help himself and them, not by any Internal, and oftentimes Accidental Maladies; such as Bruises, Strains, Cuts, Tumors, Aches, Burns, and the like, I have been careful to furnish this final Collection with a pretty number of good Receipts, obtain'd most of them from able Surgeons and Practitio-

ners

ners for these External Accidents, that those poor Upholders of Families, who cannot find or Fee, a Surgeon, or a Doctor, may be cheaply relieved without either of them.

THE

The Author's

INTRODUCTION

To the *First Volume*.

THE following Prescriptions are a part of a Collection of *Receipts* and *Processes*, that from Time to Time have been recommended to me by the Experience of others, or approv'd by my own: *Receipts* that being Parable or Cheap, may easily be made serviceable to poor Country People.

For Medicines so Simple, and for the most part so Cheap, I have found all of them to be good in their kind: And though I think most of them safer than many other Medicines that are in great Request, yet I do not pretend that these should play the Part of Medicines and Physicians too; but that they may be usefully employed by one who knows how to administer them discreetly.

I distinguish them into three Classes or Orders, annexing to the Title of each particular Medicine one of the Three first Letters of the Alphabet; whereof *A*, is the Mark of a Remedy of the highest Classes of these, Recommended as very considerable and efficacious in its kind. *B*, Denotes a second or inferior sort, but yet to be valuable for their good Operation. *C*, belongs to those Remedies that are of the lowest Order, tho' good enough not to be despised.

Those *Receipts*, which were my own, are expressed in my own Terms; so also those which I received from others by word of Mouth: But them which were imparted to me in Writing, though I my self would not have worded them, as they did that I had them from, yet I often times made a Scruple to Correct or Alter their Expressions, tho' not suitable to the Current Style of the Formularies of *Receipts*, being more concerned that the Meaning should be close kept to, than the Style rectified.

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DECAD I.

I. *For Coughs, especially such as proceed from thin Rheums.*

B TAke of choice *Olibanum* finely powder'd, from one Scruple to half a Dram, and mix carefully with it an equal weight of Sugar-candy, (white or brown) or, in want of that, of fine Sugar; and let the Patient take it at Bed-time in the Pap of an Apple, or some other proper Additament, for several Nights together: If it be found needful, it may be taken at any other time, when the Stomach is empty.

II. *To give Ease in the Pains of the Stone, even that of the Bladder.*

A TAke the transparent *Sparr* that grows upon the *Veins* of *Lead-oar*, and having reduc'd it to fine Powder, give from half a Dram to a whole Dram of it at a time, in a moderate Draught of some convenient Vehicle.

N. B. Though there be (at least in most of our English Mines) two Teguments, as it were, of the Veins of Lead, that grow close together; yet that which the Diggers name *Cawk*, which is white and opacous, is not the Medicine I mean, but the Transparent, or at least Semi-Diaphanous; which easily breaks into smooth Fragments, and in the Fire cleaves into several pieces, that are wont to be smooth, and prettily shap'd.

III. *For Sharpness of Urine.*

B TAke of the dry stuff that divides the Lobes of the Kernels of Walnuts, beat them to Powder, and of this give about half a Dram at a time, in a Draught of White-wine, or Posset-drink made with it, or in any other convenient Liquor.

IV. *To Appease the Violent Pains of the Tooth-Ach.*

B MAke up a Scruple of *Pillulæ Mastichinæ* and half a Grain of *Laudanum*, into two or three Pills for the Patient to take at Bed-time.

V. *For*

V. *For Agues.*

A TAke *Salt of Card. Benedict.* and *Salt of Wormwood ana* 15 Grains, *Tartar Vitriolate* half a Scruple, mix them, and give them in a few Spoonfuls of Rhenish-wine, or of some other convenient Vehicle, either before the Fit, or at some other time when the Stomach is empty.

VI. *For the Yellow-Jaundice.*

B TAke an Ounce of *Castle-soap* (the elder the better) slice it thin, put it into a Pint of Small-beer cold, set it on the Fire, let it boil gently half away, after boiling some time, scum it once; then strain it through a small Sieve, warm it, and drink it all in a Morning fasting; take a small Lump of Sugar after it, and fast two or three hours: The Party may walk about his Business, and eat his accustomed Meals: If at any time he drinks Wine, let it be White-wine. *N. B.* If he be far gone in the Distemper; two or three days after, he may take it once or twice more, and no oftner. Refrain all other Medicines: It will keep a Week or longer.

VII. *For the Jaundice.*

℞ TAke two or three Ounces of *Semen Cannabis* (*Hemp-seed*) and boil them till the Seeds (some of them) begin to burst, and a little longer, in a sufficient quantity of New Milk, to make one good Draught; which the Patient is to take warm, renewing it, if need be, for some days together.

VIII. *For the Dysentery.*

℞ TAke *Pigs-dung*, dry it, and burn it to grey (not white) Ashes; of these give about half a Dram for a Dose, drinking after them about three Spoonfuls of Wine-Vinegar.

IX. *For the King's-Evil.*

℞ TAke *Cuttle-bone* uncalcin'd, and having scrap'd off the outside or colour'd part, dry the white part; and of this, finely powdered, give half a Dram for a Dose in *Aqua Malvæ.*

X. *A*

X. *A Safe and Easie Medicine in Fits of the Stone.*

TAke Sack, or, in want of that, Claret-wine, and by shaking, or otherwise, mix with it, as well as you can, an equal quantity of *Oyl of Walnuts*; and of this Mixture, give from 4 or 6 to 8 or 10 Ounces at a time as a Clyster.

DECAD. II.

I. *For Convulsions, especially in Children.*

B TAke *Earth-Worms*, wash them well in White-wine to cleanse them, but so as that they may not die in the Wine: Then upon hollow Tiles, or between them, dry the Worms with a moderate heat, and no further than that they may be conveniently reduc'd to Powder; to one Ounce of which add a pretty number of Grains of *Ambergrise*, both to perfume the Powder (whose scent of it self is rank) and to make the Medicine more efficacious. The Dose is from one Dram to a Dram and half in any convenient Vehicle.

II. *For the Piles.*

B TAke the Powder of *Earth-worms* prepared as in the former Receipt (but leaving out the Ambergrise) and incorporate it exactly with

with as much Hens-greaſe, as will ſerve to make it up into an Oyntment. Apply this to the Part affected, whoſe Pains it uſually much and ſafely mittigates.

III. *To make Lime-water uſeful in divers Diſtempers.*

C TAke one Pound of good *Quick-lime*, and ſlack it in a Gallon of warm Water, and let it ſtand till all that will ſubſide be ſetled at the bottom, and (ſeparation being made) the Water ſwim clear at the top: (At which time it will often happen, that a kind of thin and brittle ſubſtance, almoſt like Ice, will cover the Surface of the Liquor:) As ſoon as the Water is thus ſufficiently impregnated, delay not to pour it off warily, and keep it very well ſtopp'd for uſe.

IV. *A Lime-water for Obſtructions and Conſumptions.*

B TAke a Gallon of *Lime-water* made as above, and infuſe in it cold *Saſſafras*, *Liquorice*, and *Aniſeeds*, of each four Ounces, adding thereto half a Pound of choice Currans, or the like quantity of ſlic'd *Raiſins of the Sun*: The Doſe of this compound Lime-water is four or five Ounces, to be taken twice a day.

V. *An Amulet against Agues, especially Tertian.*

TAke a handful of *Groundsel*, shred and cut it small, put it into a square Paper Bag of about four Inches every way, pricking that side that is to be next the skin, full of large holes; and cover it with some Sarcenet or fine Linnen, that nothing may fall out. Let the Patient wear this upon the Pit of his Stomach, renewing it two hours before every Fit.

VI. *For Women in Labour to bring away the Child.*

TAke about one Dram of choice *Myrrh*, and having reduc'd it to fine Powder, let the Patient take it in a Draught of Rhenish-wine or Sack; or, if you would have the Liquor less active. White-wine Posset-drink, or some other temperate Vehicle.

VII. *For Strengthening the Bowels.*

TAke Cloves or Chives (not Bulbs) of *Garlick*, and let the Patient from time to time swallow one or two, without chewing.

VIII. *An*

VIII. *An Amulet against the Cramp.*

A TAke the Root of *Mechoacan*, and having reduc'd it to Powder, fill with this Powder a little square Bag or Sacket of Sarcenet, or some such slight stuff; which Bag is to be about three Inches square, and to be hung by a string about the Patient's Neck, so as that it may reach to the Pit of the Stomach, and immediately touch the Skin.

IX. *For Stenching of Blood, especially in Wounds.*

A TAke those round Mushrooms that *Botanists* call *Crepitus Lupi* (in English *Puff-balls*) when they are full ripe (which is in Autumn): and breaking them warily, save carefully the Powder that will fly up, and the rest that remains in their Cavities: and strew this Powder all over the Part affected, binding it on, or proceeding further, if need be, according to Art.

X. *For the Tumours and Pains of the Hemorrhoids, not too much inflamed.*

BLET the Patient dip his Finger in *Balsam of Sulphur*, made with Oyl of Turpentine, and with his Finger so besmeared, anoint the Tumours, whether external or internal, once or twice a day.

DECAD III.

I. *For the Dysentery and other sharp Fluxes.*

TAke the Stalks, and Leaves of the Herb called in Latin *Coniza Media* (in English, *Flea-bane*) dry it gently, till it be reducible to Powder, of this Powder give about one Dram at a time, twice or thrice a day, in any convenient Vehicle; or else incorporate it in Conserve of Red Roses.

II. *To Sweeten the Blood, and Cure divers Distempers caused by its Acidity,*

BTAke *Coral*, the cleareſt and reddeſt you can get; reduce it (by exactly grinding it on a Porphory, or Marble Stone,) to an impalpable Powder. Of this Magiſtery made without Acids, give the Patient once or twice a day (as need ſhall require) a large Doſe, *viz.* or-

ordinarily about one Dram at a time, or from two Scruples to five. *N. B.* Let him long continue the Use of it.

III. *To clear the Eyes, even from Films.*

A TAke *Paracelsus's Zebethum Occidentale* (*viz.* Human Dung) of a good Colour and Consistence, dry it slowly till it be pulverable: Then reduce it into an impalpable Powder: which is to be blown once, twice, or thrice a day, as occasion shall require into the Patient's Eyes.

IV. *For Convulsions in Children.*

A GIve the Patient from 2, 3, or 4, to 5, 6, or 7 Grains, according to the Child's Age, of the true *Volatile Salt of Amber*, in any proper Vehicle. *N. B.* 'Tis not near so efficacious in full grown Persons.

V. *To bring away the After-Birth.*

B GIve about 30 Drops, or any Number between 25 and 35, of good Essential (as Chimists call it) *Oyl of Juniper*, in a good Draught of any convenient Vehicle.

VI. To

VI. *To strengthen the Stomach, and help the want of Appetite.*

℞ MAke the *Roots of Gentian* (sound and not superannuated) pulverable, with no more waste of their moisture than is necessary. Reduce these to Powder; of which let the Patient take from 12 or 15 Grains to double that quantity (or more if need be) twice or thrice a day. *N. B.* It may be taken on an an empty Stomach, or, if that cannot conveniently be done, at Meal-times. To correct the Bitterness, one may add to it powdered Sugar, or make it up with some fit Conserve, or mix it with a Syrup. It is very good, not only for want of Appetite, but for Obstructions. And I (*R. B.*) have usually given it in Vertiginous Affections of the Brain, and to lessen, if not quite take away, the Fits of Agues, and even Quartans. But in this last Case the Dose must be considerably augmented. One may also, if one pleases, instead of the Powder, give the Extract drawn with fair Water, and for those that like that form, made up into Pills with a sufficient quantity of powdered Tumerick, or the like proper Additament; to which I have sometimes added some Grains of *Salt of Wormwood* with good success, in Fluxes that proceeded from Crudities and Indigestion. Where the Winter-season, or the Patient's cold Constitution invite, or the Medicine is to be long kept, I chuse rather to make the Extract with Wine moderately strong, than with Water.

VII. *For*

VII. *For Ulcers in the Breast, and elsewhere.*

A TAke *Milleppides* (in English by some called *Wood-lice*, by others *Sows*) and having washed them clean with a little White-wine, and dry'd them with a Linnen Cloth, beat them very well in a Glass or Marble Mortar (for they ought not to be touched with any thing of Metal) and give the first time as much Juice, as you can by strong Expression obtain from five or six of them. This Juice may be given in small Ale or White-wine, in which the next time you may give as much as can be squeez'd out of Eight or Nine *Millepedes*; and so you may continue, increasing the number that you employ of them by two or three at a time, till it amount to Twenty five or Thirty; and if need be, to forty or more, for one taking. And note, That if upon the pounding of these Insects, you find the Mass they afford too dry, as it now and then happens; you may dilute it with a little White-wine or Ale, to be well agitated with it, that being penitrated, and so softned, with the Liquor, the Mass may the better part with its Juice.

VIII. *For taking off the Fits of Agues.*

B TAke good *common Brimstone* (not *Flores Sulphuris*) and having reduc'd them, by passing them through a very fine Sieve, to the sub-

ſubtileſt Powder you can; give of this Powder one Dram and half, or two Drams, either made up into a *Bolus* with a little good *Honey*, or elſe in any appropriated Vehicle; let it be given at the uſual times, and reiterated once or twice, if need be, eſpecially if the Fits ſhould return.

IX. *For Fluxes, eſpecially accompanied with Gripings.*

TAke of *Crude Lapis Calaminaris* finely powder'd, two Scruples, of *White Chalk* one Scruple, mix them exactly, and give them in a ſpoonful or two of New Milk twice, or if the caſe be urgent, thrice a day.

X. *For the Pains of the Piles.*

TAke of *Myrrh*, *Olibanum*, and common *Frankincenſe*, of each alike quantity: having powder'd them, mix them very well, and let the Patient receive the fume of this Mixture, caſt upon a Chaffen-diſh with Embers, in a Cloſe-ſtool, for about a quarter of an hour, (leſs or more, as he needs it, and is able to bear it.)

DECAD

DECAD IV.

I. *For an Outward Contusion.*

APply to the part affected, skim'd or purify'd *Honey*, ſpread upon Cap-paper, to be kept on with ſome convenient Plaiſter, or the like Bandage, and ſhifted once or twice a day.

II. *Another for the ſame.*

BEat *Aloes Succotrina* (or elſe *Hepatica*) to fine Powder; then pour on it as much Roſe-water as you gueſs may diſſolve a great part of it. This done, ſtir them well for a while, and when the Mixture is ſetled, pour off the Liquor, and in it dip Linnen Rags, which being applied to the part affected, will ſoon ſtick to it, and ſeldom need be remov'd till the Patient be reliev'd: and then to get them off, the Rags muſt

must be well wetted with warm Water, which will soften and loosen the adhering *Aloes.*

III. *For a slighter Excoriation.*

MElt *Mutton Suet* taken from about the Kidneys, and freed from its superfluous Fibres or Strings, and to about two Ounces of this, add little by little about 16 or 18 Drops (sometimes 8 or 10 may serve) of *Oyl* (not *Æthereal Spirit*) *of Turpentine*: spread this Mixture on a Linnen Cloth, and by binding or otherwise, keep it upon the Part affected.

IV. *For an Excoriation, when the true Cutis is affected.*

TAke *Prunella* (in English *Self-head*) and having pounded it very well in a Marble or Glass Mortar (not one of Metal) apply it to the Part affected, renewing it but seldom, and not without need.

V. *To take off the Pain and Inflammation of Ulcers in the Legs and elsewhere.*

IN a Quart of Water, boyl about so much *White-bread*, as in ordinary Years may be found.

found in a Half-penny-loaf; then add to it two Ounces of good *Sheep-Suet* cut very ſmall; and when that is boyl'd a little, add to it one Ounce of finely powder'd *Roſin*, and a little well ſearc'd *Brimſtone*: Of theſe make a Cataplaſm, which is to be kept conſtantly on the part affected, and ſhifted once or twice a day, as need ſhall require.

VI. *For a Cough, eſpecially accompany'd with a Tickling Rheum.*

BTake equal parts of finely powder'd *Olibanum* and *Venice Treacle*, incorporate them exactly, and of this Maſs form Pills of what bigneſs you pleaſe. Of theſe let the Patient take about half a Dram at Bed-time, or, if need be one Scruple (or more) twice a day.

VII. *To prevent the Tooth-ach, and keep the Teeth ſound.*

BLET the Patient frequently rub his Teeth moderately with the *Aſhes* that remain in *Tobacco-Pipes*, after the reſt of the Body hath been conſumed in Smoak; ſometimes after waſhing (if need be) his Mouth with fair Water not too cold.

VIII. *For*

VIII. *For a Rupture, especially in a Child or young Person.*

TAke of that *Geranium* or *Cranes-bill* that is commonly called *Columbinum*, reduce the *Root* and *Leaves* to fine Powder, and of this let the Patient take about half a Spoonful at Night and Morning for three or four Weeks together, washing it down each time with some Spoonfuls of Red Wine.

IX. *For the Heart-burning, as they call it.*

BTAke from 15 or 20, to 30 or 40 Grains of *Crabs-eyes* (known commonly in the Shops by the Name of *Lapides Cancrorum*) reduced to very fine Powder, and either take it alone, or in any convenient Conserve or Syrup. 'Tis for the most part best to take this Medicine when the Stomach is empty.

X. *For a Strain.*

BTAke the strongest *Vinegar* you can get, and boil in it a convenient quantity of Wheat-Bran, till you have brought it to the consistence of a Poultess. Apply this as early as may be to the part affected, and renew it when it begins to grow dry.

DECAD

DECAD V.

I. *For a Recent Strain.*

℞ TAke *Wormwood* and pound it very well in a Mortar of Stone or Glass; then put to it as much of the *Whites of Eggs*, beaten to Water, as may serve to make it up into such a Consistence, as may be applied like a Poultess to the part affected.

II. *A Strengthening Plaister after a Strain, or when there is any Weakness in the Joynt.*

℞ MElt down together, and incorporate very well, two parts of *Diapalma*, and one part of *Emplastrum ad Herniam*; spread this Mixture (but not very thick) upon Leather, and lay it to the Joynt to be strengthened.

III. *For*

III. *For Looseneſſes.*

BOyl a convenient quantity of *Cork* in Spring-water, till the Liquor taſte ſtrong thereof; Of this *Decoction* let the Patient drink a moderate Draught from time to time, till he finds himſelf ſufficiently reliev'd by it.

IV. *For Obſtructions, and divers Diſeaſes proceeding thence.*

LET the Patient drink, every Morning faſting, a moderate Draught of his own *Urine* newly made, and (if it can conveniently be) whilſt 'tis yet warm, forbearing Food for an hour or two after it.

V. *For difficulty of Hearing from a cold Cauſe.*

OUT of a *Bulbo* or *Root* of Garlick, chuſe a *Chive* of a convenient bigneſs; then having paſſed a fine piece of Thread or Silk through one end of it, that thereby it may be pull'd out at pleaſure, chruſh it a little between your Fingers, and having anointed it all over with *Oyl of Bitter* (or in want of that, *Sweet*) *Almonds*, put it into the Cavity of the Patient's Ear at Bed-time, and draw it out the next Morning, ſtopping the Ear afterwards with Black

Black Wool; but if need require, this Operation is to be reiterated with fresh *Garlick* for some days successively.

VI. *For Ruptures in the Belly, especially in Children.*

A HAving well cleans'd the *Roots* of *Sigillum Salmonis*, scrape one Ounce of them into a Quart of Broth, and let the Patient take a Mess, or a Porrenger full of it for his Break-fast; or else give half a Dram or two Scruples of the Powder of it at a time, in any convenient Vehicle.

VII. *To give Check to Fits of the Gout, and in some measure to prevent them.*

TAke three Ounces of *Sarsaparilla* slic'd and cut thin; to these add an equal weight of *Raisins of the Sun*, rubb'd very clean, but not broken: Put both these Ingredients into three Quarts of Spring-water, and let the Vessel stand in a moderate heat, that the Liquor may simper for many hours, yet without bursting most part of the *Raisins*; keep this *Decoction* well stopp'd, and let the Patient use it for his only Drink, till he need it no longer.

VIII. *A Water for Ulcers and Sores.*

B TAke a Solution of *Venetian Sublimate*, and having made with very good *Quick-lime* as ſtrong a Lime-water as you can, (ſo that, if it be poſſible, it may bear an Egg,) drop this upon the diſſolv'd *Sublimate*, till it will precipitate no more reddiſh ſtuff at all; (which will not ſo ſoon be done as one that hath not try'd will imagine:) As ſoon as you perceive that the Liquors act no longer viſibly upon one another, pour the Mixture into a Filter of Cap-Paper, which retaining the Orange-colour'd Precipitate, will tranſmit an indifferently clear Liquor: Which is to be in a Glaſs Viol kept ſtopp'd for its proper Uſe; namely, that the Part affected may be therewith waſh'd from time to time, and, if need be, kept covered with double Linnen Cloths wetted in the ſame Liquor.

IX. *A Plaiſter to Diſcuſs Tumours, or Ripen them if it cannot Diſcuſs them.*

B TAke of *Yellow-Wax*, *Frankincenſe*, and *Roſin*, of each four Ounces, or a ſufficient quantity, melt them together gently, and being ſtrain'd, make up the Maſs into a Roll for Uſe.

X. For

X. *For the Black Jaundice it self.*

A TAke a Spoonful of *Honey*, boil it gently, and ſcum it, till it come to a good Conſiſtence: then add of *Wheat-flower* and *Saffron* (reduced to a Powder) as much of each as you may take upon the point of a Knife; and having mix'd all well, put it over the Coals again, until it loſe its ſmell: Afterwards you may put it into a little Stone or Earthen Pot, and keep it for Uſe; which is, that the Patient take the quantity of a Pea, and anoint the Navil, and fill the Cavity thereof with it; repeating the Application for ſome days together, when the Stomach is empty, and abſtaining from Meat and Drink about two Hours after the Medicine is uſed.

DECAD VI.

I. *A parable Medicine for the Stone.*

℞ TAke of the Seed of *Flixweed,* and give of it about as much as will lie upon a Shilling, either whole or grosly bruis'd, in any convenient Vehicle.

II. *For Fits of the Mother.*

℞ DIssolve store of *Sea-Salt* in the best *Wine-Vinegar,* and in this dip a soft Linnen Cloth, which being folded so as to make 3 or 4 Doubles, is to be applied somewhat warm to the Soles of the Patient's Feet, and kept on till the Fit be over.

III. A

III. *A choice Plaister to strengthen the Joynts after the Gout, and hasten the going off of the Pain.*

TAke of *Paracelsus* and *Diapalma ana*, melt them and incorporate them exactly together, and spread the Mixture very thin upon fine Leather, to be us'd as a Plaister to the part affected.

IV. *A very good Drink in continual Fevers.*

MAke a Decoction of the Leaves of *Rue* in fair Water, till the Liquor taste pretty strong of the Plant: This, being strain'd, is to be made somewhat palatable with *Liquorice*, or a little *Sugar*, or *Aromatic* Body: To half a Pint of this add about 10 Drops of *Spirit* (not *Oyl*) of *Vitriol*: Let the Patient use this for his ordinary Drink.

V. *A good Drink to be frequently used in Fevers, especially continual Ones.*

GIve, in half a Pint of some small convenient Drink, half an Ounce of *Hartshorn*, burnt to great whiteness; which is to be

a little boyled in the Liquor; and this, thus alter'd, is to be given from time to time.

VI. *An easie Medicine for a fresh Strain.*

MAke up the *Clay*, with which the Bungs of *Barrels* are wont to be stopp'd, with as much *Vinegar* as will bring it to the Consistence of an indifferently stiff *Cataplasm*: Then warm it a little, and apply it to the part affected.

VII. *A Remedy much used for Chilblains.*

TAke a *Turnep*, roast it well under the Embers, and beat it to a *Poultice*; then apply it very hot to the part affected; and keep it on (if need be) for 3 or 4 days, in that time shifting it twice or thrice, if occasion require.

VIII. *A Simple Antimonial Remedy, that has often done much Good even in the Leprosie, and all continual Fevers.*

TAke *Crude Antimony*, well chosen and powdered; of this give about one, two, or three Scruples Morning and Evening, according

ding to the Age of the Patient, in a little *Syrup of Clove Gilly-Flowers*, or any ſuch Vehicle, or elſe mix'd with fine Sugar, enough to make it ſomewhat palatable. This may be continued for 4 or 5 Months, if need require; and if the firſt Doſe prove beneficial to the Patient, in Caſes not urgent, a Scruple or half a Dram may ſerve the Turn, nor need the Exhibition be continued for ſo long a time.

XI. *For the Cholick, and divers other Diſtempers.*

TAke four or five Balls of freſh *Stone-horſe Dung*, and let them ſteep for about about a quarter of an Hour (or leſs) in a Pint of White-wine, in a Veſſel well ſtopp'd, that the Liquor may be richly impregnated with the more volatile and ſubtil parts of the *Dung*; ſtrain this, and give of it from a quarter to half a pint, or ſome Ounces more at a time; the Patient having a care not to take Cold after it.

XII. *An often experimented Antimonial Infuſion.*

TAke one Ounce of *powder'd Antimony*, tied up in a little Bag of clean Linnen, and hang it in a Gallon of *Beer* or *Ale* that is brought from the Brew-houſe, and is yet ſcarce to be drawn out, much leſs to be drank.

Of this Liquor, when 'tis ripe, let the Patient make use for his ordinary Drink; only having a Care, that if by Age or Accident it be perceived to grow sour, that Vessel then be left off, for fear, lest the acidity of the Liquor, corroding the *Antimony*, might make it vomitive.

DECAD VII.

I. *An easie Medicine to cleanse the Womb, especially after Child bearing.*

TAke a large *white Onyon*, of about four Ounces in weight, if you can get so big a one, and boyl it in about a Pint of *Water*, with any thing fit to make a very thin Broth, till a third part, or more, of the Liquor be consumed: Of this Broth, which may be made a little palatable with Nutmeg, *&c.* the Patient is to take six or eight Ounces twice or thrice a day.

II. *An Experienced Wash that quickly Cures the Itch.*

TAke strong *Quick-lime* one Pound, and and put to a Gallon of Spring-Water, let them lie together for some hours, and then warily pour off the clearer, filter the rest, and take two Ounces of *Quick-silver*, ty'd up in a

Linnen Bag, and hang it in the Liquor, and boyl it for half an hour or more; then pour off the clear Liquor once more, and wash the Hands only with it twice, or at most thrice, a day.

III. *A Remedy often us'd, with Success, in Fluxes, and even Dysenteries.*

BTake fresh Roots of *Bistort*, cut them into thin Slices, and moisten them well with *fair Water and Wine*, to make them more soft and succulent; then press out the Juice as strongly as you can. And of this give about three or four Spoonfuls mingled with half a Dozen Spoonfuls, or somewhat more, of *Red Wine*, or some other convenient Liquor.

IV. *A good Medicine for a sore Throat.*

BTake the White of a *New-laid Egg*, and and by beating it, reduce it into *Water*; and with this Water mix diligently so much Conserve of *Red Roses* as will reduce it to a soft Mass; whereof the Patient is to let a little Bit at a time melt leisurely in his Mouth.

V. *A*

V. *A choice Medicine for a ſore Throat.*

A TAke a piece of *greaſie Linnen Cloth*, of ſuch a bigneſs, as that being doubled, it may make a Bag in form of a Stay, to reach from one ſide of the Throat to the other, and contain as much Matter, as may make it of the thickneſs of an Inch or more: This Bag being fill'd with common Salt is to be heated throughly, and apply'd to the part affected as warm as the Patient can conveniently endure; and within two hours after, or when it begins to grow too cold; another like it and well heated, is to be ſubſtituted in its room; and whilſt this is cooling, the other may be heated and made ready for uſe: So that the part affected may be always kept in a conſiderable degree of warmth, for about 48 hours, if the Remedy be ſo long needed.

VI. *An often Experienc'd Medicine for the Cholick, eſpecially produced by ſharp Humours.*

A TAke a Quart of *Claret*, and put into the Veſſel about two Ounces of *Nettle-ſeeds*, ſtop the Bottle, and keep it in boiling Water, till the Water has made three or four warms, to aſſiſt the Wines Impregnation with the finer part of the Seeds: Of this Liquor let the Patient take a ſmall Draught once or twice a day.

VII. *To appease the Pain of the Hæmorrhoids, whether Internal or External.*

TAke two parts of *Flowers of Sulphur*, and one part of *Sugar* very finely powder'd, mix them exactly together, and make them up with a sufficient quantity of a *Mucilage* of *Gum Tragacanth* into *Lozenges*, of about a Dram apiece: Of which you may give one at a time, thrice in a day, or if need be, 4 or 5 times.

VIII. *To make an Excellent Drink for the Scurvy.*

TAke two handfuls of *Water Trefoil*, and let it work in about 8 Gallons of *Wort*, instead of *Hops*, or of *Small Ale or Wort*, made for it: And let the Patient use it for all, or for a great part of his ordinary Drink.

IX. *To make an easie Diuretick.*

PEel off the *Inner Skin* of an *Egg-shell*, then beat the *Shell* to a very fine Powder: Give about a Scruple of it at a time in any convenient Vehicle.

X. *A*

X. *A Powerful Application to prevent and check the Appoplexy.*

A MAke an *Issue* at the Meeting of the *Sutures*, and keep it open for a good while: but if the Case will not admit delay, clap on a good *Cupping-Glass*, without *Scarification*, or with it, as need shall require, upon the same Concourse of the *Sutures*.

DECAD VIII.

I. *A Choice Medicine for a ſore Throat.*

TAke *Houſleek*, and having lightly beaten it in a Glaſs or Stone Mortar, preſs out the Juice hard between two Plates; to this Juice put almoſt an equal Quantity of *Virgin-Honey*, mix them well, and add to the mixture a little *Burnt Allum*, as much as is requiſite to give it a diſcernable *Alluminous Taſte*: Let the Patient take this from time to time, with a Liquoriſh Stick, or ſome ſuch Thing.

II. *An approved Medicine for a Cancer not broken.*

TAke *dulcify'd Colcothar*, and with *Cream*, or *Whites of Eggs* beaten to a Water, bring it to the Conſiſtence of a *Cataplaſm*; which ought to be made large, and ſpread about the thickneſs of half a Crown, and applied warm to the part affected, ſhifting it at leaſt once a day.

III. *To*

III. *To make a very good Syrup for thin Rhumes.*

A TAke *Syrup of Jujubes, Syrup of dried Roses,* and *Syrup of Corn-Poppy-Flowers,* of each alike quantity, mix and use them as the necessity of the Sick requires.

IV. *For the Dysentery and Pleurisie.*

B GRate to fine Powder the dry'd *Pizzle of a Stagg,* and give of it as much as will lie upon a Shilling or thereabouts, once or twice a day, in any convenient Vehicle.

V. *To Strengthen the Gums, and make the Teeth grow firm.*

B TAke *Catechu, Terra Japonica,* or *Japonian Earth,* and dissolve as much as you can of it in a Pint of *Claret,* or *Red Wine*; then decant the Liquor warily from the subsiding Fæces, and let the Patient now and then wash his Mouth with it, especially at Bed-time.

VI *For a Hoarsness upon a Cold.*

B TAke three Ounces of *Hyssop-Water,* sweeten it with *Sugar-Candy*; then beat well into it the *Yolk of one Egg,* and Drink it at a Draught.

VII. *A Choice Medicine for the Jaundice in Children.*

TAke half an Ounce of choice *Rhubarb* made into Powder: incorporate with it exactly by long beating, two Handfuls of well chosen and cleans'd *Currans.* Of this Electuary let the Patient take every Morning about the quantity of a Nutmeg, for several days together.

VIII. *A Rare Medicine to take away Gouty, and other Arthritick Pains.*

TAke *highly rectify'd Spirit of Man's Urine,* and anoint the part with it, the Cold being just taken off, once or twice the first day, and no longer, unless the Pain continue.

IX. *For a* Prolapsus Uteri.

APply to the Patient's Navel a pretty large *Cupping-Glass*; but let it not stay on too long, not above a quarter of an hour, for fear of injuring the part it covers, especially the *Navel-String.*

X. To

X. *To allay Heat in the Eyes, proceeding from sharp Humours.*

BEat the White of an *Egg* into a Water, in which dissolve a pretty quantity of Refined *Loaf-Sugar*, and then drop some of it into the Patient's Eye.

DECAD

DECAD IX.

I. *An Experienc'd Medicine for strengthening a Weak Sight.*

B TAke of *Eye-Bright*, sweet *Fennel-Seeds*, and fine *Sugar*, all reduc'd to Powder, of each an Ounce, *Nutmeg* also pulveriz'd, one Dram (at most;) mix these very well together, and take of the Composition from a Dram to two or more, from time to time.

II. *An often try'd Medicine for Tertian Agues.*

B TAke *Crude Allum* and *Nutmeg* finely scraped, of each about half a Dram, mix the Powders well together, and with about six Grains of Saffron: Give this in two or three Spoonfuls of *White-wine Vinegar* at the usual time.

III. For

III. *For Stuffings of the Lungs, and the Chin-Cough.*

B MAke *Syrup* of *Penny-Royal*, or of *Ground-Ivy*, moderately Tart with *Oyl of Vitriol*; and of this let the Patient take very leisurely about a quarter of a Spoonful from time to time.

IV. *For the Falling-Sickness in Children.*

B TAke half a Dram of choice *Amber*, finely powder'd, and give it for six or seven Weeks together, once a day, when the Stomach is empty, in about four Ounces of good White-wine.

V. *An approv'd Medicine to drive the Stone, and cure Suppression of Urin, proceeding from it.*

A TAke the Roots of *Wild Garlick* (by some Country People called *Crow Garlick*) wipe them very clean, stamp them very well in a Mortar of Stone or Glass, and strain out the Juice; with which make a moderate Draught of good *White-wine* considerably strong, and let the Patient take it once or twice a day.

VI. *An Experienc'd Medicine for sore Throats.*

TAke of *Scabious Water* six Ounces, of *Wine Vinegar* a small Spoonful, of *Mustard-Seed* beaten, and of *Honey*, of each a Spoonful; stir and shake them very well together; and then filter the Mixture and keep it for Use.

VII. *An often experienced External Remedy in Apoplectick Fits.*

FIX a *Cupping-Glass* (without *Scarrification*) to the *Nape* of the *Neck*, and another to each of the *Shoulders*, and let them stick on a competent time.

VIII. *An easie but approv'd Medicine for the Cholick.*

TAke about half a Dram of *Mastich*, and mix it with the *Yolk of a new-laid Egg*, and give it the Patient once or twice a day.

IX. *To appease the Heat of Fevers by an External Remedy.*

APply to the *Soles of the Feet* a Mixture or thin *Cataplasm* made of the *Leaves of Tobacco*, fit to be cut to fill a Pipe with; beaten up with as much of the *freshest Currans* you can get, as will bring the *Tobacco* to the Consistence of a *Poultis*.

X. *The Medicine that is in such Request in* Italy *against the Worms in Children.*

INfuse one Dram of clean *Quick-silver* all Night, in about two Ounces of the *Water of Goats Rue*, Distill'd the common way in a cold Still: And afterwards strain and filter it, to sever it from all Dregs that may happen in the making it. This quantity is given for one Dose.

DECAD

DECAD X.

I. *A Choice Medicine for a Whitloe.*

TAke *Shell Snails*, and beat the pulpy part of them very well, with a convenient quantity of fine chopt *Parsly*, which is to be applied warm to the affected part, and shifted two or three times a day.

II. *A Simple but Useful Lime-Water, good for the Kings-Evil, and divers other Cases.*

TAke half a Pound of good *Quick-lime*, and put it into one Gallon of *Spring-Water*, and infuse it for Twenty four Hours; then decant the Liquor and let the Patient drink a good Draught of it two or three times a day, or he may use it for his ordinary Drink; this Infusion may be coloured with *Saffron* or *Red Sanders*; and if need be to make it stronger, add more *Lime*, and warm the *Water* and keep it well stopt.

III. *An*

III. *An Excellent Medicine for a fresh Strain.*

A TAke four Ounces of *Bean Flower*, two Ounces of *Wine-Vinegar*; of these make a *Cataplasm* to be applied a little warm to the part affected; but if this should prove something too sharp (as in some Cases it may) then take two Drams of *Litharge*, and boil it a little in the *Vinegar*, before you put it to the *Bean Flower*.

IV. *For the Pyles.*

A TAke Balsom of *Sulphur* made with Oyl of *Turpentine*, Ointment of *Tobacco*, equal Parts, incorporate them well, and anoint the grieved place therewith.

V. *For a Burn.*

B MIngle *Lime-Water* with *Linseed-Oyl*, by beating them together with a Spoon, and with a Feather dress the Burn several times a day.

VI. *For a fresh Strain.*

A BOil *Bran* in *Wine Vinegar* to the consistency of a Poultis, apply it warm, and renew the Poultis once in twelve hours, for two or three times.

VII. *An*

VII. *An Experienced Medicine for the Cholick.*

TAke good *Nitre* one Ounce, and rub it well in a clean Mortar of Glass or Stone, then grind with it half a Scruple or more of fine *Saffron*, and of this Mixture give about half a Dram for a Dose in three or four Ounces of Cold Spring-water.

VIII. *To make an Issue raw, that begins to heal up.*

TAke of *Lapis Infernalis* one Ounce, of *Crown Soap* an Ounce and half, *Chalk* finely powdered six Drams, mix them all together carefully, and keep them close stopt, except when you mean to use them:

IX. *For a Sore Throat.*

MAke a Plaister of *Paracelsus*, three or four Fingers broad, and length enough to reach almost from one Ear to the other, and apply it to the part affected, so that it may touch the Throat as much as may be.

X. *For*

X. *For heat about the Orifice of the Stomach.*

B MAke a Syrup with the Juice of House-Leek and Sugar, and give about one Spoonful of it from time to time.

A Stomachical Tincture.

A TAke *Agrimony*, two Drams, ſmall *Centory Tops* one Dram, *Coriander Seeds* bruiſed one Scruple, *Saſſafras* Shavings and *Bark*, one Dram, *Gentian-Root* half a Dram, *Zedoary-Root* ten Grains; pour upon theſe three quarters of a Pint of boiling Spring-water, cover it, and let it ſteep twelve hours, then ſtrain it, and put it in a Bottle; then drop a drop of Oyl of *Cinnamon*, upon a lump of *Sugar*, and put it into the Liquor. The Doſe is three Spoonfuls twice a day, an hour or two before Meals.

The End of the Firſt Volume.

Medicinal Experiments:

OR, A

COLLECTION

OF

Choice and Safe Remedies,

Very Uſeful in all Families.

A COLLECTION OF Choice Remedies.

The Second Volume.

A.

1. *A Powerful Remedy in* Apoplectick *Fits.*

TAke the Herb Maſtick, and diſtil by an Alembick with a Coper Body an Eſſential Oyl, of which with ſuch a Pipe or Quill that one end may be opened and ſtopt at pleaſure (the other ſtill remaining open) blow up ſome drops, firſt into one of the Patient's Noſtrils, and a while after into the other.

2. *A good Plaister for Aches, especially Scorbutical.*

SPread thinly upon Slinck or very fine Kids-Leather the *Emplastrum de Mucilaginibus*, and let it lie upon the aching Part as long as there is need.

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3. *For an Old* Ach *or* Strain.

TAke of *Lucatella*'s Balsam one Ounce, of Oyl of *Turpentine* one Dram, incorporate them very well with a gentle heat, and anoint the Part affected therewith, wearing on it a piece of unwash'd Flannen besmear'd with the same Oyntment.

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4. *For Scorbutick-Aches, especially about the Share-bone.*

TAke two parts of *Palm-Oyl*, and one of Oyl of *Camomile* (to which if you please you may add a little Oyntment of *Elder*) mix them exactly, and anoint the part affected.

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5. *A Powerful Remedy for Scorbutick Aches.*

TAke to one Ounce of Oyl of *Turpentine*, one Dram or two of the Volatile Salt of *Harts-Horn*

Horn, or as much as being well ground with it in a Mortar of Glaſs or Marble, will bring it to the conſiſtence of a kind of Oyntment, with which the cold being taken off, the part affected is to be lightly anointed.

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6. *A very eaſie Medicine for light Scorbutick Aches or Pains.*

ANoint the pained part from time to time with Faſting-ſpittle; and if you will have the Medicine a little ſtronger, the Patient may put *Roch Allom* to the bigneſs of a ſmall Pea into his Mouth, before he employs his Spittle.

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7. *For Aches and pricking Pains in the Sides and elſewhere.*

WIth a ſufficient quantity of clean *Sulphur* finely powder'd, mix diligently as much *Venice*-Treacle as will bring it to a conſiſtence for Pills. Of this Mixture you may give the quantity of a Piſtol-bullet twice, or at moſt, thrice a day, drinking any convenient Liquor after it.

8. *An Experienc'd Medicine for an* Anasarca, *or General Dropsie of the whole Body.*

FRY freshly-gather'd *Rue* with Oyl of *Walnuts*, till it become fit to be apply'd hot as a Cataplasm or Poultis to the Navel; and keep it on that part for some hours, renewing it once or twice a day, if need require.

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9. *An External Medicine often successfully try'd for* Agues.

TAke 5, 7, or 9 (for 'tis pretended it must be an odd number) of the Roots of Ribwort, and having made them clean, put them into a little Bag of Sarsnet or fine Linnen, and let the Patient wear it upon the nape of his Neck, renewing it within 2, 3, or 4 days if need require.

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10. *A try'd Remedy for* Agues.

TAke of the Bark of *Sassafras-Root*, and of *Virginian Snake-weed*, both in Powder, of each 10 Grains, and with half a Dram, or two Scruples of *Mithridate* or *Venice-Treacle*, or as much as will give it a due consistence, make a *Bolus* to be taken at the usual hours.

11. A

11. *A Choice Medicine for* Aguish *Distempers.*

TAke of Salt of Wormwood 15 Grains, Crabs-eyes, or Powder of Crabs Claws simple 8 or 10 Grains; mix these well, and give them in two or three Spoonfuls of some Cordial Water.

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12. *An Excellent Wrist-Plaister for* Agues.

TAke Wax, and spread it to about the thickness of a Crown-Piece of Silver, and of a convenient breadth and length to make an entire Writt-Plaister; upon this spread and display as well as you can the Leaves of the tops of Rue, not yet fully open'd by time, so that they may cover the whole Plaister as well as you can make them do it. Then apply this Emplaister, and let it lie on for several days consecutively.

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13. *An often try'd Medicine for* Agues.

TAke Ribwort, gather the leaves as near the Root as you can in a dry Morning, wipe them clean but do not wash them; then dry them carefully, till you may reduce them to Powder: Of this Powder give from one Dram to two at most, mix with one Dram of Conserve of Roses, or the Crumbs of White-bread, or the

Yolk of an Egg or two. *N. B.* You may before you dry the Leaves, diſtil a Water out of ſome of them, and make an Extract out of others with Spirit of Wine, or which is better, with Spirit of Dew. They are both good for the ſame Diſeaſe that the Powder is. The Doſe of the Water is one Ounce, or an Ounce and half at the uſual times. And that of the Extract about one Dram in ſome Ounces of White-wine.

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14. *An Excellent Medicine for* Agues, *eſpecially* Tertians.

GIve as much of well-condition'd *Virginian SnakeRoot* reduc'd to fine Powder, as will lie upon a Shilling, in a Cup of Sherry juſt beſore the beginning of the cold Fit, repeating it once or twice if it need to be uſed oftner.

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15. *For a* Tertian Ague.

TAke of the Root of *Angelica* grated, or otherwiſe made into Powder, and give of it from half a Dram to a Dram, in any convenient Vehicle at the uſual times (*viz.* about two hours before the cold Fit.)

16. *A*

16. *A Medicine with which a* Quartan *was cur'd, that could not be cured with the Jesuits Bark.*

TAke one Dram of the black tips of Crabs-Claws, and having reduc'd them to exceeding fine Powder, let the Patient take it in any convenient Vehicle or Conserve, twice or thrice, as he would take the *Cortex*, without intermitting any day.

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17. *An easie Remedy, which long continued does much destroy Acidities, or Heart-burnings in the Stomach.*

TAke half a Dram at least of finely powdered red Coral, and give it from time to time in any convenient Vehicle, till the Patient be reliev'd.

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18. *A very often try'd Remedy for the* Asthma.

TAke Soap-boilers Lees (made with Pot-Ashes and Quick-Lime) one part, Spirit of Wine rectified two parts; set them in Digestion (to unite them well) and then add some drops (at discretion) of Chymical Oyl of Carraways, and if you please, of Aniseeds too. The Dose in younger Persons is about 10 drops, in elder ones, from half a Dram to one Dram in some convenient Vehicle.

19. *An Excellent Medicine for a dry or Convulsive* Astma.

TAke choice Saffron, reduce it (by rubbing it in a Stone or Glass Mortar) to a kind of Powder, and with any convenient Mixture, give 8 or 10 Grains of it in the form of Pills at Bed-time.

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20. *An Experienced Remedy for Difficulty of* Breathing.

TAke of choice *castoreum* dry'd enough to be powdered, 2, 3, or at most 4 Grains, mix this with 10 or 11 Grains of *Gasgoin's* Powder reduc'd to very fine Powder; mix up these with some little Syrup or Conserve, and when the Patient has taken it, let him wash it down with the Mixture, consisting of five Drams of Pennyroyal-water, and half a Dram, or at most two Drams of Briony-water Compound.

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21. *An Approved Medicine for Inveterate Scorbutick* Cholicks, *and Pains of the Bowels,*

TAke English Barley, and having well wash'd it, boil it in a sufficient quantity of fresh Spring-water till it be just ready to burst: Then pour off the clear upon the yellow part of the Rinds of Lemons, freshly cut off from the white part,

part, and put them into a Bottle, which being carefully ſtopt, the Liquor is to be kept ſo for Uſe, which is, that the Patient make it his conſtant Drink.

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22. *To reduce flaggy* Breaſts *to a good ſhape and conſiſtence.*

TAke green Hemlock well bruis'd, and reduced to a kind of Cataplaſm or Poultis, which is to be apply'd (the Cold being firſt taken off) to the Parts 'tis to work upon, and to be kept on till it hath performed what was intended, ſhifting it once a day.

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23. *An eaſie, but uſeful Remedy for a freſh* Bruiſe *or Contuſion.*

TAke freſh Butter and Parſley, of each a ſufficient quantity, and having chopt the Herb, mix it very well with the Butter, to the conſiſtence of a Cataplaſm, (which is to be apply'd warm) to the newly bruiſed Part.

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24. *For Coagulated Blood, or a* Bruiſe.

TAke black ſoft Soap, and with a ſufficient quantity of ſoft Crumbs of White-bread very well mixt with it, make a Paſte, which is to be laid on the Part with a Linnen Rag, and

kept bound upon it for ſome hours, that it may have time to reſolve the congealed Blood, and bring the contuſed Part from a livid to a red colour, which will much haſten and facilitate the reſtoring it to its former ſtate.

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25. *To ſtench Blood falling from the Noſe, by a Simple held in ones hand.*

LET the Patient hold Knot-graſs and *Solomon's Seal* in his hand till it grow warm there, or longer if need be.

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26. *An Excellent Remedy to ſtench Blood in any part of the Body.*

TAke Plantane-water two Ounces, Barley-Cinnamon-water, ſix Drams, Spirit of Vinegar one Ounce, Dragons-blood half a Dram, Syrup of Myrtles five Drams; mix and make a Julep, of which let the Patient take three ſpoonfuls every hour.

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27. *The Styptick Water for ſtopping of Blood in any part of the Body.*

TAke one Pound of Excellent Quick-Lime, and put it into a clear Earthen Pot, pour upon it five or ſix Pounds of Fountain-Water, cover

cover the Pot close, and let it lie to infuse about an hour without touching it, then after stir it with a stick for a little time; then let it lie as before for 24 hours, sometimes stirring it, in the end you shall let it settle to a Sediment, the Water being very clear above, pour it off by inclination without stirring: Take of this Water one Pound, which being put into a Vial, you shall add to it a Dram and half of Sublimate finely powdered, then shake very well all together, so that the Powder may dissolve, and be of an Orange colour, or more reddish than yellow, and in the end clear and limpid, because the red Powder will præcipitate to the bottom. Your Water being clarified, you must separate the Water from the Grounds into another Vessel, without troubling the Sediments; and to the Water you shall add one Dram of Oyl of Vitriol, and an Ounce of *Saccharum Saturni.* Shake all together, that they may mix the better, afterwards let all settle, and pour off the clear Water, and keep it for your use.

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28. *A Choice Medicine to resolve extravasated Blood.*

GRate or Rasp the Root of Burdock, and spreading the Powder upon a Linnen Cloath, bind it quite round the part affected, renewing it twice a day.

29. *To make an Excellent Styptick for ſtenching of Blood.*

TAke *Hungarian* Vitriol, Allom, of each half a Pound, Phlegm of Vitriol ten Pounds: Boyl to a diſſolution of the Vitriol and Allum; being cold, ſiiter it through brown Paper, and if any Cryſtals ſhoot, ſeparate the Liquor from them, adding to each Pound, one Ounce of Oyl of Vitriol. Dip Cloaths into this Liquor, and apply them to the part affected.

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30. *An often try'd Styptick to ſtench Blood, eſpecially in Wounds.*

TAke *Colcothar* as it comes out of the Retort, and having powdered it, roll Tents of Lint in it, and apply them to the Orifices of the greater Veſſels, and employ other uſual means to compreſs the Veſſel upon the Tent, and to fill the Cavity of the Wound, partly with *Colcothar* too.

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31. *A very often Experienc'd Remedy for Burns.*

TAke two parts of Oyl of Walnuts, and one of Honey, mix them well together over a gentle Fire, and when they are thorowly incorporated, dip a Feather in the Mixture, and anoint therewith the Part affected, ſo as the Oyntment may

may touch it immediately, and then ſtrew on it ſome Powder of *Ceterarch*, or Spleen-wort, and keep the Part quiet, and defend it from the Air.

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32. *An eaſie Medicine, and common enough, but uſeful againſt Burns.*

TAke Onions. and beat them into a ſoft Maſs, and apply them as ſpeedily as you can to the Part affected, and keep them on it, till they begin to grow dryiſh, and then if need be, ſhift them, and apply freſh ones.

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33. *For a Recent Burn.*

TAke Onions a ſufficient quantity, and beat them very well with common Salt finely powdered into a Maſh, that may be applied as a Cataplaſm (the Cold being firſt taken off) to the part affected, and renewing it, if need be, till the impreſſion of the Fire be taken out.

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34. *An Excellent Oyntment for Burns and Scaldings.*

TAke of the Inner Rind of Elder-Tree, and of freſh Sheeps dung, without any adhereing ſtraws or foulneſs, of each one Handful, and

and with fresh Butter or Oyl, make thereof an Oyntment, to be applied as is usual in such Distempers.

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35. *An easie and approved Remedy for Burns, especially Recent ones.*

TAke a sufficient quantity of Adders-Tongue, and boil it softly in Linseed-Oyl till the Liquor be strongly impregnated with the Herb, then strain it, and keep it stopt for use.

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36. *An Excellent Oyntment for Burns and Scaldings.*

TAke of *Saccarum Saturni* half a Dram, of the sharpest Vinegar four Ounces, make a Solution of the former in the latter, and add to this Solution drop by drop (often stirring or shaking them together) as much Oyl of Elder as will serve to reduce the Mixture into the form of a *Nutritum* or Oyntment.

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37. *A slow but innocent way of making* Blisters *without* Cantharides.

TAke Crows-foot, and putting to a handful of it about half a spoonful of Mustard; beat them very well together to the consistence of a Poultis,

Poultis, put this to the thickneſs of ones little Finger into a cover of a Box, cut ſhallow, and of about the breadth of the Palm of ones Hand (though this cover be leſs neceſſary than convenient) and cutting a hole of the wideneſs of the Box in a Plaiſter of *Diapalma* or the like, to make it ſtick, you muſt apply it to the part, and let it lie on 12 or 14 hours, becauſe it works as well more ſlowly than *Cantharides*, as more ſafely and innocently.

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38. *A good Medicine to raiſe* Blifters.

TAke *Cantharides* reduced into Powder, and upon half an Ounce of this put two or three Ounces of good Spirit of Wine, let them lie together four or five days, that the Spirit may acquire a good Tincture, then filter it, and dip into it a piece of Linnen Cloath 6, 7, or 8 times double, and of the figure and largeneſs that you deſire. This Cloath being throughly wetted and cover'd with a *Melilot* Plaiſter, or one of *Diachylum*, or ſome other that will ſtick; to keep it on, muſt be applied to the Part. At the end of five or ſix hours you may take off your Plaiſter, and the Linnen Cloath, and find your work done.

39. *To raise a* Blister *without* Cantharides.

THE Seed of *Clemmatis Peregrina* being bound hard upon any part, will in an hour, or at most two, have an Operation, like that of another Vesicatory, as far as it contact reaches.

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40. *An Useful Medicine for* Costiveness.

TAke Virgin Honey a sufficient quantity, and mix exactly with it as much finely powdered *Cremor Tartari* as will suffice to bring it to the consistence of a somewhat soft Electuary, of which the Patient may take upon the point of a Knife the bigness of an Almond (more or less) as upon tryal you shall see cause.

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41. *For a* Cancer *in the Breast.*

TAke of the Warts that grow on the hinder Legs of a (Stone) Horse, dry them gently, till you can reduce them to a Powder, of which you may give half a Dram for a Dose in any convenient Vehicle.

42. *A Potent Medicine for* Contusions, *and divers other Affections.*

TAke *Alcohole* of Wine, and dissolve in it as much pure Camphire as you easily can, and keep it very close stopt, till you have occasion to use it. Then moisten thorowly with it some thin pieces of Linnen or fine Flannel, and apply them luke-warm; and likewise you may with a rag dipt in it, apply it to the Eye-lids, having a care that none of it get into the Eye it self, since there it would cause great smart. It may also be very usefully apply'd to Burns, and yet more to Contusions.

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43. *A try'd Medicine for* Chilblanes.

TAke pretty thick Parings freshly cut off from Turnips, and hold them to the fire till they be very crisp, then apply them to the unbroken Tumors or Blisters, as hot as the Patient can endure it, and keep them on a competent time, and put on new if need require. They will cause the peccant Matter to transpire, or otherwise waste without breaking the Blisters.

44. *To make a very Nourishing Aliment, that hath recover'd divers in* Consumptions.

TAke 8 or 10 Craw-fishes (or, if they be not of the largest size, a dozen) boil them (after the blackest Gut or String is taken out) in Barley-water, till they become very red, then take them out, and beat them long, Shells and all, in a Marble or Glass Mortar, to a soft Mash, and in a Press strongly squeeze out the Juice; which may be given either alone, or mixt with about an equal part of Chicken-broath, or some such convenient Alimental Liquor.

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45. *A Vulgar but often Approved Medicine for a* Cold, *especially that affects the Breast.*

TAke a Sheet, or half a Sheet *pro re nata* of brown Paper, of as even a Texture as you can get, and anoint it over evenly and very well with the eldest Tallow, or Candle-grease you can procure, so that the Paper may be thorowly penetrated by it. Then cover it thinly with Nutmeg, as you were to rub the Spice upon a Toast, and clap it warm to the Pit of the Stomach, that it may reach a good way, both above it and beneath it.

46. *An Experienc'd Medicine for Coughs.*

BOil good Turnips in Water, and having expreſt the Juice, mix with it as much finely powdered Sugar-candy as will bring it into a kind of a Syrup, of which let the Patient ſwallow a little as ſlowly as he can from time to time.

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47. *A good Medicine for Aſthmatick Coughs.*

TAke two Ounces of Oyl of ſweet Almonds freſhly drawn, and put them upon one Dram of Flowers of Brimſtone, keep them for a fortnight in Digeſtion in a moderate heat, and then decant off the Oyl, or paſs it through a clean Linnen Rag to keep back the Brimſtone: Of this Liquor give a ſpoonful or two at a time.

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48. *An eaſie Medicine, which cur'd not long ſince a Gentlewoman that had taken much Phyſick for a Conſumptive Cough.*

TAke 8, 10, or 12 well choſen Raiſins of the Sun, and having ſlit them open, take out the little Kernels, and ſtuff the Raiſins with the tops or ſmall tender Leaves of Rue: and let the Patient take them, either as they are, or in the form

form of a *Bolus*, or the like, pretty early in the Morning, fasting after them two or three hours at least, if he cannot conveniently fast till Noon.

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49. *A Potent Medicine (for those that can bear it) to ripen Coughs, and hasten the Expectoration of Phlegm.*

TAke Onions, cut them into slices, and fry them with fresh Butter, as if you were to eat them, then take them out of the Frying-Pan, and boil then in New Milk, till it be well impregnated with them, and they be made tender: Of this Mixture let the Patient take a moderate quantity from time to time.

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50. *An Excellent Remedy for a Cough.*

TAke of Virgin-Honey two Ounces, of Red Roses warily dry'd and finely powdered half an Ounce, of choice Sulphur very well sifted two Drams, of good *Benjamin* reduc'd to fine Powder one Dram. Beat and mix all these very well, and of this let the Patient take the Mixture from time to time.

51. *A Plaister to prevent Corns.*

TAke yellow Bees-wax 4 Ounces, Verdigrise exactly powdered and sifted one Ounce, the *Caput Mortuum* of the Scull of a Man one Dram: Incorporate them well with boiling them a little, and make thereof a Plaister according to Art.

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52. *An Effectual Plaister for softning and loosening Corns.*

SPread a Plaister of *Gum Ammoniacum* (not too thick) without being dissolv'd in Vinegar, and applying it to the Part affected, let it lie on, till it have sufficiently done the designed work of Emolition.

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53. *A Powerful (but smart) Remedy for Corns.*

EVaporate the strongly expreſt Juice of Radishes to the consistence of a soft Plaister, to be applied to the Part affected, and shifted as often as it grows dry. *N. B.* 'Twill sometimes smart for a while at first, but afterwards 'twill do its work.

54. *A good Remedy for Corns of the Feet.*

TAke the Yeaſt of Beer (not Ale) and ſpreading it upon a Linnen Rag, or other Cloth, apply it to the Part affected, renewing it once a day.

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55. *An Excellent Remedy that has cur'd many Children of* Convulſive Fits.

TAke two or three drops of (Chymical) Oyl of Roſemary, and put it into half an Ounce of Sack in an Ounce Bottle, ſtop the Vial, and let it be well ſhaked to make a whitiſh Mixture of the Liquors juſt before you give it. Or elſe in a half-pint Bottle or Vial, put four Ounces of Sack, or ſome appropriated Liquor, and drop into it forty drops of the forementioned Oyl; and when-ever you are to give the Medicine, ſhake the Vial well ſtopt, and preſently give of the whitiſh Mixture a Child's little Spoonful.

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56. *A Succeſſful Medicine for* Convulſive Fits *and Hyſterical Vapours (as they call them) and Fits of the Mother.*

TAke the Liver of a Hare (if it hath been hunted, it may be the better) and hang it

up in a dry place till it be ſomewhat fryable, having a care that it putrifie not; of this reduced to Powder let the Patient take two or three Scruples at a time in any convenient Vehicle.

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57. *An Excellent Medicine for dry or Convulſive Aſthma's, and alſo for Coſtiveneſs.*

GIve at Bed-time 8 or 10 Grains of choice Saffron pulverized groſly in a little Syrup or Conſerve, as of Violets, *&c.* to embody it with:

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58. *An Excellent Mixture for Fits of the* Cholick, *and ſome kinds of* Convulſions.

TAke one Ounce of FIowers of Sulphur, and as much Sugar-candy, grind them very well together in a Glaſs or Stone Mortar, and upon this quantity drop thirty drops of Oyl of Carraway-ſeeds, as much of Oyl of Orange, and as much of the Oyl of Anniſeeds: Incorporate theſe well, and of the Mixture give about 20 or 30 Grains for a Doſe.

59. *An*

59. *An incomparable Medicine for the* Cholick.

THE yellow Peel of Oranges, being reduc'd to Powder, give from half a Dram to two Scruples of it in any convenient Vehicle.

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60. *To make a good Purging Drink for the* Cholick.

TAke two Ounces of Rhubarb, four Ounces of Gentian, and a quart of good Annisee-water, let the Roots infuse along in it, and give the Patient about two Spoonfuls at a time as often as need requires.

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61. *An almost Specifick Remedy for a Fit of the* Cholick.

TAke about half a Dram of expressed Oyl of Nutmegs (usually sold in the Shops for *East-Indian* Oyl of Mace.) Dissolve this in some Spoonfuls of good Wine, which the Patient is to take as hot as conveniently he can.

62. *A*

62. *An uncommon, but try'd Remedy for* Cholicks (*without much Matter*) *and good in Fits of the Mother.*

TAke good Ginger dry, and instead of pouldering it, cut it into as thin slices as you easily can: With these fill a Tobacco-pipe, and take the smoak as you would that of Tobacco. Do this twice, thrice, or four times a day, but especially at Bed-time, and in the Morning.

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63. *An Excellent Medicine for* Convulsive Cholicks.

TAke of the Volatile Salt of Pigeons-dung two or three Grains, or somewhat more (not exceeding five or six in all) mix these with a Scruple or half a Dram of the same Dung crude, but well and slowly dry'd, and finely pouder'd. Give this Mixture for one Dose in some spoonfuls of any convenient Vehicle.

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64. *For the* Cholick, *or Pains in the Sides.*

TAke two Balls of fresh Horse-dung, and infuse them for 12 hours (if haste require, 3 or 4 may serve the turn) in good White-wine in a close Vessel; then strain the Liquor, and let the patient take five or six Ounces of it at a time.

65. *For the* Cholick.

BOyl about one Ounce of the Seeds of the black ſtinging Nettles in about a quart or more of good Claret-Wine; then ſtrain the Decoction, and give of it a Wine-glaſs full at a time, two or three times a day, or as often as need requires.

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66. *An excellent Medicine for the* Cholick.

TAke of Doctor *Stephens's* Water half a Pint, Plague-water half a Pint, Juniper-Berry-water half a Pint, Pouder of Rhubarb 2 Ounces; mingle theſe together, ſhake the Bottle when you take any of it, and take about four ſpoonfuls at a time.

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67. *For the* Cramp.

TAke the Leaves of Roſemary, chop them very ſmall, and ſew them ſo in fine Linnen or Sarſnet, as to make a kind of Garter of them to be tyed about the Patient's bare Leg.

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68. *To take off the Pain of the* Cramp.

TAke of the Ointment of *Populeon* two parts, Oyl of Spike one part; mix them, and with

with the Mixture anoint well or chafe the Part affected.

D.

69. *A Remedy, by which an* Hydropical *Merchant was cur'd.*

GIve about half a Dram or two Scruples for a Dose, of yellow transparent Amber, twice or thrice a day in any convenient Vehicle.

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70. *An Experienc'd Medicine for a* Dysentery, *or* Bloody-flux.

GIve about three Ounces of the Juice of Ground-Ivy, mixt with one Ounce of the Juice of Plantane, once or twice a day.

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71. *For to stop a* Dysentery, *or* Bloody-flux.

USE the Pouder of *Crepitus Lupi*, or Fuss-balls, made up with some Conserve of Roses, or other convenient Additament into Pills. Of this Mixture give *in Dysenteriâ*, as much at a time, as contains from about a Scruple, to about half a Dram of the Pouder.

72. *An easie, but very often try'd* Digestive, *to be used instead of* Basilicum.

TAke two Ounces of good *Venice* Turpentine, and incorporate very well with it the Yolks of two fresh Eggs, and then add to it (at discretion) a little Spirit of Wine; with this dress the Part Morning and Evening, laying it on thicker, if the Part be near some Nerve, or other dryer Part, and less thick if it be fleshy or moist.

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73. *A good Medicine for Incontinency of Urine, and the beginning a* Diabetes.

CUT off the Necks of well blown Sheeps-Bladders, of the remaining Membranes put up pretty store one over another into a cover'd Pot, where being dry'd gently, and yet sufficiently, in a Baker's Oven, take them out, and pulverise them well. The Dose is as much as will lye upon a large Groat, or small Sixpence.

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74. *For a* Dirrhœa, Loosness, *or* Flux of the Belly.

MIX up 15 Grains, or if the Distemper be but slight, 10 Grains, of pouder'd Rhubarb with half a Dram of *Diascordium*, and let the

the Patient take it either going to Bed, or early in the Morning after his first sleep.

E.

75. *For a* Contusion *of the* Eye.

TAke the Crumb of Whitebread, and diligently incorporate with black soft Soap as much of it as will make a somewhat soft Paste; and then with your Thumbs make a little Cake (as it were) of it, and apply to the bruised Part, the Eye being first shut, and bind it so that it may lye on for some hours, or a day if need be. But this ought to be used with Caution.

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76. *An Excellent Medicine for clammy Humors of the* Eyes.

TAke New Milk, and let it stand till it hath got a little Cream upon it, then let the Patient when he is in Bed, take up with his Finger a little of the Cream (and not of Milk) and shutting his Eye-lids, besmear his Eyes with it, having a care that very little or none get into his Eyes, because it would make them smart; let this Cream lye on till the next Morning, and in case the Patient chance to wake in the Night, he may, if he finds cause, lay on a little more, and wash all off in the Morning.

77. *A somewhat sharp but often try'd Medicine to take off the* Pearl *on the* Eye.

TAke of the Juice of Celandine, and mix with it about an equal part of pure Honey; and of this Mixture employ a drop, or at most two, at a time, letting it fall upon the Part affected Morning and Evening.

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78. *An easy Remedy for a Recently Blood-shot* Eye.

TAke a rotten Apple, and as many tops of Wormwood, as being well beaten together with it will make a Mass of the consistence of a Cataplasm; warm this a little, and put a sufficient quantity of it into a thin and clean Linen Rag, and let the Patient keep it upon the Part affected all Night, the next Morning wash it off with some red Rose-water, or the like Liquor.

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79. *To make a choice Opthalmick Water to preserve the* Eyes *and* Sight.

TAke of the distill'd Water of Rue, Celandine, and Vervain, of each one Ounce; mix them, and infuse in them two Drams of *Crocus Metallorum* exquisitly ground for

We

Week or Ten days; then very carefully filter the Infusion, that none of the Atoms of Powder pass thorow with the Liquor. Of this let fall into the Eye a drop or two, Morning and Evening, having a care not to shake the Glass, when you employ the Liquor, lest some unheeded dust may have escap'd the filter, and be rais'd.

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80. *For a slight* Opthalmia, *or* Blood-shot Eye.

SHake half a Dram of diligently prepar'd Tutty into an Ounce of red Rose-water, and drop it often into the Eye.

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81. *An Experienc'd* Eye-water *for an Inflammation and Tumor of the* Eye.

TAke of prepar'd Tutty half an Ounce, the Water of white Roses and of Frogs Spawn, and also of the best Canary Wine (not distill'd) of each two Ounces, of *Aqua Mirabilis* half an Ounce: Mix these well, and drop a very little at a time into the Patient's Eyes.

82. *An odd and often try'd Medicine for an* Erefipalas.

TAke the Blood of a hunted Hare whil'ft 'tis yet warm, and drench thorowly in it clean Linnen Rags, which are to be dry'd in the Wind or free Air, and then kept in a dry place for ufe: Lay a good piece of Linnen thus ftain'd upon the Part affected, and either by binding it on, or covering it with fome filken or other Cloath, whofe edges have fome ticking Plaifter, keep it from falling off, and renew it from day to day, if there be need. *N. B.* if it grow too ftiff with long keeping, you may foften it with a little fprinkling of fair Water.

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83. *An experienc'd Water for fharp and flimy Humors in the* Eyes *and* Eye-lids.

TAke of prepar'd Tutty half an Ounce, prepar'd Coral and Pearl of each half a Scruple, *Trochifci-Albi Raf.* five or fix Grains, Red Rofe-water, and Succory-water, of each an Ounce and half; mix them well, and if you will have the Medicine ftronger, you may put three or four Grains of Aloes into it.

84. *A*

84. *A Choice Remedy for an* Opthalmia, *or Blood shot* Eyes.

TAke of the Juice of Houſleek two parts, Daiſies and Ground-Ivy of each one part; mix theſe Juices together, and to about two ſpoonfuls of the Mixture, put five or ſix drops of clarify'd Honey: Let the Juices depurate themſelves by reſidence, and then in ſome ſmall Silver Veſſel clarifie them, and of this Mixture let fall a drop or two into the Eye three or four times a day. *N. B.* But if the Inflammation be not ſo great, but there is more need of Abſterſion, uſe more of the Juice of Ground-Ivy, and leſs of that of Houſleek.

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85. *For a light Stroke or Contuſion of the* Eye.

TAke two Ounces of Betony-water, and three drops of clarify'd Honey mix them well together, and drop them into the Eye three or four times a day; the Compoſition muſt be made freſh every ſecond and third day.

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86. *A Potent but ſmarting Medicine for things growing on the* Eye.

TAke white Paper, and let it flame away upon a clean Pewter Platter, till there remain ſo much Oyl behind as you think you

shall need; blow off the Cinders of the Papers, and with a little of your Spittle mixt by your Finger with the Oyl, make up a kind of Oyntment; which being taken up with a Feather, is to be apply'd once or twice a day, as need shall require, (and as the Patient can well bear) to the affected Eye: Which course is to be continu'd till the Cure be compleated.

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87. *For Hurts that make a Solution of Continuity in the* Eye.

TAke two Ounces of Celandine-Water, and put to it 2, 3, or 4 drops of good clarify'd Honey, enough to give the Water a faint taste: With this dress the Eye at least twice (if not thrice) a day. But the Mixture must be made fresh once in two or three days, or else it will grow sourish.

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88. *An Excellent and very often try'd* Eye-Water, *especially for outward Affections of the* Eye.

TAke of Plantane-leaves 4 Ounces, and of Strawberry-leaves as much; Digest them for 24 hours in a Pound of good White-wine. Then distil them to dryness in a Glass Head and Body in a *Balneo Mariæ.* The Liquor that is thus obtain'd put into a very clean Brass (not Copper) Vessel, and let it stand there for some hours

hours, till it have acquir'd a manifest, but not a very deep blew Tincture, and then put to it (when pour'd on) an equal weight of White Rose-Water distill'd after the common way: Shake these together, and let fall one drop into the Internal corner of the Eye, the Patient stooping backward, and shutting his Eye-lids for a Minute or two, that the Water may disperse on the Eye, and that the quickness of the Liquor, which may make him weep, may the less prejudice him.

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89. *To make a Useful Medicine for Pain or Itching in the* Eye-lids, *or on that account in the* Eyes.

TAke half a spoonful of *French* Barley (after the first Water it was put into over the Fire is cast away) and boyl it softly for a little while in a Pint of Spring-water, seasonably putting to it a good Pugil of dry'd Damask Rose-leaves. (*N. B.* Sometimes you may add if you please a few Red Rose-leaves, or Melilot-flowers, or both.) With this Liquor foment the Part with a soft Sponge for a pretty while, in the Morning, and at Night, having a care that it be apply'd pretty hot, or at least warm.

90. *To make an Excellent* Eye-Water *for Redness and light Films,* &c. *upon the* Eye.

MAke some Lime-Water, by pouring a Gallon of Scalding hot Water upon a Pound, or somewhat more of Quicklime; stir them together, and after some hours decant warily that which is clear. And to a Pound of this Water put half an Ounce (and no more) of choice Verdigrise pulveriz'd: And in a very moderate heat extract a Tincture of a fine, but somewhat dilute, Saphirine colour, (but it ought not to be too deep.) Decant this very warily, and let a drop or two of it at a time fall into the Eye, as often as need requires.

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91. *An Excellent Remedy to stop a violent Defluxion on the* Eye.

TAke red Sage and Rue, of each one handful, a spoonful of fine Wheat-flower, and the white of a new-laid Egg beaten to Water, mix these very well, and spread them upon very thin Leather or black Silk, and apply it to the Temples; 'tis to be about the bigness of a Silver Crown at least.

92. *An Excellent Remedy for Red* Eyes, *made ſuch by a defluxion of a hot or ſharp Humor.*

TAke of the tops of Roſemary about one Dram, and beat them up with one or two Ounces of rotten Pearmains or Pippins, or if thoſe cannot be had, with the like weight of the ſoft part of the ſame Apples that are ſound. And when by exquiſite beating, you have reduc'd theſe things to a Cataplaſm, apply them, the cold being firſt taken off, to the Part affected, binding it thereupon, and letting it lye all Night.

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93. *An* Eye-Water.

TAke Houſe Snails, and beat them in their Shells, and ſtratifie them with about an equal quantity of Juice of Celandine; draw off the Water in a cold or Pewter Still (ſuch as is us'd for Roſe-Water) and keep the Liquor that will come over cloſe ſtopt for your uſe.

94. *The*

94. *The Lady* Fitz-harding's Eye-Water, *which lately cur'd an almost blind Person, whose Eyes look'd like Glass.*

Lady Fitz-harding's *Eye-water.*

TAke three spoonfuls of White Rose-Water, as much Eye-bright Water, and as much sifted White Sugar-candy as will lye on a Threepence, and the same quantity of fine Aloes sifted and put to the Water, and shak'd together, and drop a few drops every Night going to Bed.

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95. *A* Pericarpium, *or Wrist-Plaister, that often-times frees the Patients from flying Clouds in the* Eyes, *and sometimes lesser specks, specially if Recent.*

TAke of Rue, Camomile, Hemlock, each half a handful, of Bay-Salt two spoonfuls, one or two ounces of Leaven; Incorporate these well together, and make thereof *Pericarpia,* to be apply'd to the Patient's Wrists, and kept on, till growing dry, they become troublesome.

96. *An Excellent Medicine for hot Defluxions on the* Eyes.

TAke of prepar'd Tutty half an Ounce, White Rose-water and Frogs spawn-water carefully drawn in very good Canary Wine, of each two Ounces, of *Aqua Mirabilis* half an Ounce; mix these well together, and let fall two or three drops into the Patient's Eye (especially at Bed-time.)

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97. *An easie but useful* Eye-Water *to keep the* Eye *cool and moderately dry.*

TAke to two Ounces of Succory-water half a Dram of prepar'd Tutty, shake them well, and keep them together for use.

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98. *An often try'd* Pericarpium, *or Wrist-Plaister for Defluxions and Fumes in the* Eyes.

TAke Rue, Camomile, Hemlock, Wormwood, of each half a handful, Bay-Salt pulveriz'd about two spoonfuls, four Dough about an Ounce; mix all these together very diligently, moistning them from time to time with Elder-Vinegar, to a consistence fit for *Pericarpia*, one of which is to be apply'd to the Wrist of that side on which the Part affected is, and to be renewed, if there be occasion.

99. *For*

99. *For a* Phlyctena *or little Tumor in the Carneous Tunicle of the* Eye.

TAke the Decoction of Mucilages that is proper for *Phlyctæa's*, and dreſs the Eye from time to time, to ripen the Tumor: Then open it with a Lancet, and ſqueeze out all the Matter; and laſtly, cleanſe and heal the Part with Honey. *N. B.* But when the Tumor is begining, or not great, you may, in want of the Decoction of Mucilages, dreſs the Eye with the Mixture of equal parts of the Water of Melilot, Camomile, and Betony.

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100. *A Plaiſter to ſtrengthen the* Eyes, *and ſtop Defluxions on them.*

TAke of Frankincenſe 2 Ounces, *Olibanum* and *Maſtich*, each half a Dram; mix theſe well, and reduce them into fine Powder, of which a convenient quantity is to be melted and ſpread upon black Ribbon, or ſome ſuch thing, with a hot Knife or Spatula, and ſo preſently apply'd to the Temples.

101. *An often Experienc'd Medicine for little Strokes or Contusions of the* Eye.

TAke Betony-water three Ounces, and five drops of clarify'd Honey, mix them, and drop a little of the Mixture from time to time into the Patient's Eye. *N. B.* Take Succory-water, Crumbs of White-bread, a little Saffron, and sometimes a little Honey, for sharp Humors in the Eye lids, and burns or small specks (of the Eye) four Grains of *Roman* Vitriol to four Ounces of Water, of either Rose-water, Succory-water, or Fennel-water, *&c.*

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102. *A good Electuary to strengthen the* Sight.

TAke Conserve of Borrage and Betony of each an Ounce and half, *Venice* Treacle two Drams, *Species Dionisi*, *Diarrhodon abbatis*, *Diatrion Santalon*, of each half a Dram, Tartar Vitriolate a Scruple, *Diacorallion* a Dram and half, Oyl of Fennel seven drops, Syrup of Violets and Coral, of each a sufficient quantity; mix and make an Electuary.

103. *A Choice Medicine for an* Opthalmia Sicca.

TAke of the Leaves of Fennel, Hyſop, Celandine, Betony, and *Carduus*, of each half a handful, or a whole handful; of Linſeed, Quince-ſeeds, Fenugreek, and Flea-wort, of each half a Dram, of *French* Barley one Ounce: Boyl all theſe a little in two quarts of fair Water, and half a Pint of White-Wine. Let the Patient hold his Head (well fitted with a Napkin for the purpoſe) over the Fumes for about a quarter of an hour.

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104. *For a Film, or other ſuch thing growing in the* Eye.

TAke of Crude Roch-Allom two parts, Tumerick one part, and refin'd Sugar three parts. Pulverize each of theſe ſeparately, then mix them exactly, and warily blow it into the Patient's Eye from time to time, as need ſhall require.

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105. *To make an Excellent as well as Famous* Eye-Water.

TAke Celandine (the whole Plant except the Root) and having ſhred it or chopt it a little, put it into a Retort, and diſtil it *in Balneo.*

When

When all the Liquor is come over, empty the Vessel, and put in as much of the fresh Plant, and distil the Liquor from it to make it more strong of the Plant. Put this Liquor once more upon new or fresh Celandine, and distil *in Balneo* as before; and keep this well-impregnated Water close stopt. 'Tis to be outwardly us'd in the Dose of 2, 3, or 4 drops at a time.

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106. *A Medicine for Hurts in the* Eye.

TAke Succory-Water and crumbs of White-bread, enough to bring it almost to a consistence; then add a little Saffron to tinge and quicken it, and sometimes also you may put to it a little Honey, to make it more cleansing and healing. Apply it (if need be) with Plagets of Flax to the Part affected.

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107. *A Remedy that hath cured the* Epilepsie.

GIve daily half a Dram at a time of choice and very finely powder'd Amber in any convenient Vehicle for about six Weeks together.

108. *Elixir Salutis.*

TAke of the Seeds of Anise, Sweet Fennel, Coriander and Parsley, of each two Ounces; of Liquorish scrap'd, wash'd, and bruis'd, and choice Leaves of Senna, of each likewise two Ounces; of Raisins of the Sun, rub'd clean and bruis'd one Pound; of Elecampane-Roots and *Guajacum* Wood, of each one Ounce. Mix these ingredients, and pour on them two quarts of *Aqua Vitæ*, or *English* Spirits (for Brandy is too hot a Liquor.) Let these infuse together 48 hours. Then put them all into a hair Bag, and press them strongly in an Apothecary's Press, and if there be need, pass what is strain'd, through an Hippocras-bag after the Liquor is settled. Keep this in Bottles well stop'd in a cool place, and give of it two or three spoonfuls at a time, in the Morning fasting, and if need require, at Bed-time.

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109. *An Experienc'd Remedy for* Convulsions *and* Epilepsies *in Children.*

TAke about half a Dram, or from one Scruple or two, or somewhat more, of well chosen, and very finely powder'd Amber, Native Cinnabar 10 Grains; mix them, and of this sweetned with some powder'd Sugar, or other fit thing that may give it a relish; let the Patient take twice a day (at least for most days) dur-

during ſix Weeks, unleſs he fully recovers before that time. And however, he is to take it for two or three days before each New and Full Moon, for ſome Months ſucceſſively.

F.

110. *An Excellent Drink in* Fevers, *even Malignant.*

TAke a quart of Spring Water, and having given it a walm or two, put to it one Ounce at leaſt of Harts-horn calcin'd to perfect whiteneſs, and when the Mixture is cold, put to it three Ounces of Syrup made of the Juice of Lemons, ſhake this Mixture; when you will uſe it, ſhake it well, and let the Patient take of it a moderate draught ſeveral times in the Day and Night.

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111. *An Uſeful Drink in Feveriſh Diſtempers.*

IN a Pint and a half of clear Poſſet-drink, boyl about one Ounce of cleans'd Roots of *Dandelion*, or Piſs-a-beds, cut or ſlic'd very ſmall, till near half a Pint be waſted, and then ſtrain it, and let the Patient take half a Pint, or the whole quantity if he can, at a time.

112. *An Excellent Remedy for* Dysenterical Fluxes.

TAke good *Venice* Turpentine, and with a very gentle heat evaporate so much of it, that when 'tis cold, it may be but little short of Coagulation. This yet soft, but not fluid Substance, incorporate with fine Sugar, enough to make it up into Pills, whereof give in the Morning fasting as many as will amount from a Scruple to half a Dram or two Scruples, or a whole Dram of the Turpentine, besides the Sugar.

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113. *An uncommon, but Experienc'd Remedy for* Dysenterical Fluxes.

TAke the Bone of the Thigh of a hang'd Man (perhaps another may serve, but this was still made use of) Calcine it to whiteness, and having purg'd the Patient with an Antimonial Medicine, give him one Dram of this white Powder for one Dose, in some good Cordial, whether Conserve or Liquor.

114. *For the* Dysentery, *and* Fluxes *caused by sharp Homors.*

TAke from half a Dram to one Dram of *Mercurius Dulcis*, and as much either of fine Sugar or Sugar candy, and with some Purgative or other, let the Patient take it once a day, with care, that none of it remain in his Mouth, or stick in his Throat.

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115. *An Often try'd Medicine for* Fluxes *of the Belly, though Bloody ones.*

GIve for a Dose in any convenient Vehicle as much powder'd or grated Pizzle of a Hart or Deer as will lye upon an ordinary Half-Crown Piece.

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116. *An Effectual Medicine for* Dysenterical *and other* Fluxes.

TAke of a Hare the Skin, Liver, Gall, and all the Parts, except the Muscles, and having dry'd them so far (and no further) as that they may be conveniently reduc'd to Powder. Give of this Powder from about two Scruples to one Dram, in any convenient Vehicle.

117. *An*

117. *An Experienc'd Remedy for sharp* Fluxes *of the Belly.*

TAke a pint of new Milk, and dissolve in it two Ounces of Loaf-Sugar, and at length about the bignes of a Walnut of good *Mithridate*; give this mixture moderately warm for a Clyster, to be reiterated if there be occasion.

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118. *To stop* Fluxes *and* Whites.

FOR Fluxes you may in divers cases give the patient from time to time a moderate quantity of a Decoction of half an Ounce of Isinglass, in about a pint of new Milk.

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119. *An easie Medicine for* Fluxes, *especially those caus'd by sharp Humors.*

INstead of Butter take well-condition'd Oil Olive, and thorowly drench therewith a good Toast, and let the Patient eat it.

120. *For a* Bloody-Flux.

TAke half an Ounce of *London*-Treacle, an Ounce, or an Ounce and half of Conserve of red Roses, mix them together with some Syrup of Clove-Gilly-Flowers, or Syrup of Citrons, and keep them thus mix'd in a Pot cover'd for your use. Take of this about the quantity of a Walnut at Night, and in the Morning for two days, fasting two hours before and after, intermit then a day, and take it again in the like manner.

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121. *A try'd Medicine for the falling down of the* Fundament.

TAke some Ginger, and having carelessly slic'd it, put it in a little Pan, heat it by clear and well kindled Coals, and let the Patient receive the Fume of it, cast on by little in a kind of Close-stool, or some equivalent Seat, where the lower part of his Body may be well cover'd for about half a quarter of an hour at a time.

G.

122. *A Medicine for a light incipient* Gangreen.

AFter having lightly ſcarify'd the Part affected, apply as hot as the Patient can well bear it, a Cataplaſm made of ſtrong Brandy, and the Pith or Crumb of White-bread; ſhifting it three or four times a day, or ſomewhat oftner, if need be.

N. B. Some uſe Turneps boyl'd, and made Unctuous with a little freſh Hogs-lard to reſolve the hard Tumors of Womens Breſts.

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123. *A Choice Anodyne Clyſter.*

TAke Marſh-Mallow Roots half an Ounce; Leaves of the ſame, Mallows, Mullein, each one handful, Camomile-Flowers two Pugils: Boyl them in a ſufficient quantity of Water to ten Ounces, and diſſolve therein Goats ſuet 2 Ounces, Yolks of two Eggs, and Oyl of Camomile an Ounce and half: Mix and make a Clyſter for eaſing Pain.

124.

124. *A slight but often try'd Medicine for the Griping of the Guts.*

TAke about a quarter of a pint of Brandy, and having made a Toast of Bread (not too fine and white) throw it in very hot into the Liquor, and as soon as 'tis thorowly drench'd let the Patient take it out, and eat it hot; and this may be repeated, if there be need, two or three times a day.

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125. *An often try'd Remedy for the* Gripes *in little Children.*

TAke of Oyl of Nutmegs, and of Wormwood, of each a like quantity, mingle them well, and with the Mixture a little warm'd anoint the Patient's Navil, and the Pit of the Stomach.

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126. *To make an Excellent* Gargle.

TAke six Ounces of Scabious-Water, one spoonful of Mustard, one spoonful of Honey, and one spoonful of Vinegar; grind all these very well together in a Marble or Glass Mortar, till you have reduc'd them to a liquid Mixture, which is to be used as a Gargle.

127. *A Choice Gargle for a ſore* Throat.

TO four Ounces of Plantane-Water add thr or four ſpoonfuls of Red Roſe-water, a mix very well with theſe the White of an E beaten to a Glair, or Water; ſweeten th Mixture with a ſmall ſpoonful of white Sug candy, or in want of that, as much very fi Loaf-Sugar. Let the Patient Gargle this often as need requires.

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128. *An Experienc'd Medicine for a* Gon rhœa.

TAke two Ounces of ripe Laurel-Berries, m inſuſe them for a day in a quart of go White-Wine: Of this let the Patient drink bout two or three ſpoonfuls twice a day for pretty while together; only once in three da (or thereabouts) intermitting, that he m take ſome gentle Purging Medicine.

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129. *For a* Gonorrhœa.

TAke choice Maſtich a ſufficient quanti and having very finely beaten and ſeare it, take about half an Ounce of it at a time the Yolk of a new-laid Egg, waſhing it dow if it be thought needful, in any convenient li quor.

130. F

130. *An Excellent Remedy to take off the Pains of the* Gout.

TAke *Minium* or Red-Lead ground fine, half a Pound, Oyl of Earth-worms one Pound, a sufficient quantity: Boyl them to the consistency of a hard or solid Emplaster, without burning: Afterwards add of Camphire two ounces, dissolved in Oyl of Earth-worms, so much as may make the Emplaster of a just consistency.

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131. *An Excellent Oyntment in the Gout.*

TAke *Barbadoes* Tar, and Palm-Oyl, of each a like quantity, melt them together in no more fire than is needful to make them incorporate well; with this Mixture warm, the part is to be anointed and warily chafed.

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132. *A slight but effectual Medicine to appease Gouty Pains.*

TAke Linseed well condition'd, and with a little Water beat them in a Marble or Glass Mortar, rubbing them very well, that the Mucillary part may be separated in some measure from the Husk, and may make the Water considerably white. In this Liquor dip clean Rags, and when they are thorowly wetted, ap-

ply them ſomewhat warm to the Part effected, ſhifting them if need be once in an hour, or at moſt in two.

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133. *A ſpeedy Remedy to take off* Arthritic *or Gout-Pains.*

TAke good Spirit of *Sal Armoniac*, and with a Feather dipt in it moiſten gently all the Part, or Parts affected.

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134. *A Medicine that almoſt preſently appeaſes the Pains of the* Gout.

TAke of black Soap four Ounces, choice Wood-ſoot finely ſifted about a Dram and a half, and add to theſe about half the Yolk of an Egg: Incorporate them diligently together, and ſpreading the Mixture ſomewhat thin, apply it (the cold being firſt taken off) by way of Cataplaſm to the Part affected.

135. *A homely but often try'd Medicine to appease the Pains of* Scorbutical Running Gouts.

TAke Earth-worms, cleans'd, and having fill'd an earthen Pot with them, and luted on a cover very well, set it into an Oven with a batch of Bread, and let it stand there till the Oven be cold. Then take out the Pot, and having remov'd the cover, you will find the Matter turn'd into a gross Liquor ill scented. Strain this with expression, and keep it stopt for use, which is, to rub therewith the Part affected with a warm hand once or twice a day. *N. B.* If the smell be offensive, you may put to it a few drops of Oyl of *Rhodium*, or some other Odoriferous one, to Correct it.

---

136. *An Excellent Remedy for the* Gonorrhœa.

TAke of choice Amber, and of Mastich, both reduc'd to very fine Powder, and very well mixt, equal parts, and of this Mixture give half a Dram at a time in a proper Vehicle, or in a draught of Chocolate; Continue this for three Weeks, or a Month, if need require, purging the day before you begin to take it, and once every Week afterwards, especially when you leave off the use of the Powder.

137. *To appease the Pain of the* Gout, *and by degrees lessen the Fits.*

TAke one part of *Sal Armoniac*, and three parts of Spirit of Wine, neither of them too well rectify'd: Shake them together, (and if you please digest them a while) and having dipt old but clean Linnen Rags in the Mixture, apply them to the Part affected, shifting them now and then, as need shall require.

H.

138. *To make an Excellent* Cephalick *or* Head-*Powder, good also for the* Eyes.

TAke the Leaves or Flowers of Betony, Marjoram, and Damask Roses, also the Flowers of Sage and Rosemary, all at discretion. To these add the Powder of *Lignum Aloes*, and some Seeds of *Nigella Romana*. Reduce all these to Pouder, to be us'd as a Hair-powder, when the Patient goes to Bed.

139. *An*

139. *An useful Drink, to be frequently employ'd to Correct* Sharp Humors.

TAke two ounces of choice Barley (*English* or *French*) well wash'd from its Dust and *Sordes*: Boyl this in a quart or more of Spring-water till the Grains begin to burst. Then strain the Decoction through a clean Cloath, and let the Patient use it at Meals and other times, for his ordinary Drink.

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140. *An Experienc'd Medicine for* Dulness of Hearing, *and* Hysterical Affections.

THE Juice of red Onions is Excellent for Diseases of the Ears, and for a Deafness in its beginning. *N. B.* Briony-Roots also wonderfully prevail against all Affections of the Womb.

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141. *An Experienc'd Medicine for the Pain of the* Hæmorrhoids.

TAke the sole of an Old Shooe, worn by some Man that walks much, cut it in pieces, and burn it, not to white or gray Ashes, but to a fryable and tender Coal; reduce this to impalpable Powder, and then with a sufficient quantity of unsalted Lard make it into an

Unguent, wherewith the Part affected is to be anointed from time to time.

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142. *For the* Hæmorrhoids.

MAke a Suppository of Hogs-Lard or Bacon, or instead of that employ Goose-grease made up into the same form.

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143. *For the* Hæmorrhoids,

IN the Yolk of an Egg, or a little of some convenient Syrup or Conserve, give from half a Dram or two Scruples or one Dram, or somewhat more of Flower of Brimstone, once, or if the case be urgent, twice a day. The Powder may be also given in Milk, to those that like it better than sweet Vehicles.

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144. *A Choice Internal Remedy for Painful* Hæmorrhoids.

TAke about two Scruples of choice Sulphur *vive*, and mix it with a little Sugar to make it relish, and give that Dose once, or at most twice a day.

145. *A very choice Medicine for the Pain and Tumors of the* Hemorrhoids.

TAke fresh Leeks (the whole Plant) sliced them small, and fry them well with fresh Butter, till they be fit to be brought to the consistence of a Cataplasm or Poultise, that is to be apply'd very warm to the Part affected, and to be renewed from time to time, as need shall require.

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146. *An Useful Medicine for the Pain of the* Hæmorrhoids.

MAke up Flower of Brimstone and an equal weight or a double of fine Sugar, with a Solution of Gum Dragon, into Tabolets that may weigh about a Dram a piece; of those that contain the most Sulphur you may give one twice a day, but of the other sort much oftner, if need require.

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147. *A choice Remedy for the Pain of the* Hæmorrhoids.

TAke *Album Græcum*, or white Dogs-turd, reduc'd to an impalpable Powder, mix it up with a sufficient quantity of Goose-grease, and by grinding it well in a Leaden Mortar, reduce:

reduce it to a black Oyntment, to be apply'd moderately warm to the Part affected.

---

148. *An Experienc'd Remedy for unbroken* Hæmorrhoids.

TAke calcin'd Oyster-shells, and incorporate them with as much Honey as will make up the Powder into an Oyntment, with which the Part affected is to be tenderly anointed from time to time.

---

149. *For the* Hæmorrhoids, *a very successful try'd Medicine.*

TAke Maiden Leeks (as some call those that grow without having been transplanted) and casting away the green part, make of the bulbous part and a sufficient quantity of whole Oatmeal a Caudle, whereof let the Patient eat plentifully.

---

150. *A Choice Drink for the Pain of the* Hæmorrhoids.

TAke Yarrow, and boyl a handful of it in about a Pint and a half of Posset-drink, in a cover'd Vessel, till it be strong of the Plant; and

and of this Decoction let the Patient drink pretty plentifully from time to time.

---

151. *An Excellent Remedy for the Pain of the* Hæmorrhoids.

TAke of Maſtick, *Olibanum*, Aloes, and Myrrh, of each a like quantity, powder and mix them very well, then lay or ſtrew a ſufficient quantity of this upon a Pledget of Lint or Cotton, moiſtened throughly with Spirit of Wine over a few well kindled Coals, that the Powder may melt, and be clapt hot to the Pit of the Stomach, or the Navel.

---

152. *A Medicine for the Pains of the* Hæmorrhoids.

TAke a quart, or at leaſt a pint of New Milk, and boil it well for a while, and then taking it off the Fire, preſently put it into a Cloſe-ſtool in ſome open mouth'd Veſſel, and let the Patient ſit over the Fume of it.

153. *An*

153. *An excellent Medicine to appease the Pains of the* Hæmorrhoids.

TAke two fresh Eggs, and roast them pretty hard, then peel off the Shells and mince them. To these add two Pippins, the core being first taken out, that must be roasted to pap; mix these; and incorporate them very well with the Eggs, reducing all to a kind of Cataplasm, which is to be apply'd very warm, if not very hot, to the Part affected, and to be renewed if need be.

---

154. *A Choice Medicine for the Pains of the* Hæmorrhoids.

TAke half a Dram of good Flower of Brimstone, and boyl it a little in New Milk, and let the Patient take fasting in the Morning both the Liquor and the Powder for many days successively. And if need be, the like Dose may be taken between four and five in the Afternoon. Also one may make up the like quantity of *Flores* with a little fine Sugar and Gum Tragacanth into Tablets or Lozenges, to be taken instead of the Powder and Milk.

155. *An*

I.

155. *An Experienc'd Liquor to Cure the* Itch *in the Hands or Face, without Mercury or Sulphur.*

TAke a handful of the Roots of Elecampane, and as much of ſharp-pointed Dock, ſhred them ſmall, and boyl them in two quarts of Spring-water till the conſumption of a pint. Then ſtrain the Liquor, and with it let the Patient waſh his hands or other parts affected once (or at moſt) twice a day.

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156. *An Experienc'd Magnetical Cure of the* Yellow-Jaundies.

TAke the Gall-Bladder of a Sheep, and near the top, without emptying the Liquor, make a ſmall hole, at which put in two or three drops of the Patient's warm Urine; then tye up the upper part of the Bladder, and hang it in the free Air till it dry up, *&c.*

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157. *A homely but not ineffectual Medicine for the* Yellow-Jaundies.

GIve about half a Dram of the white part of Hens-dung dry'd and mixt with a little Sugar, in a few ſpoonfuls of White-wine.

158. *A*

158. *A Medicine almost Specifick for the* Yellow-Jaundies.

TAke of clean fillings of Steel a sufficient quantity, and to make them grind the better, mix with them some Loaf-Sugar; grind them long with great exactness, for in that consists the chief Secret of this Medicine. Of this impalpable Powder give about half a Dram for a Dose, (besides the Sugar) and if need be give it twice or thrice a day, in any convenient Vehicle.

---

159. *A Specifick Remedy for the* Yellow-Jaundies.

TAke one part of good Saffron dry'd, enough to be rub'd in a Glass Mortar into Powder, and incorporate it well with four parts of choice Turmerick. In the mean time take a handful of fresh Sheeps-dung, and let it steep in about a quart of strong Ale in a moderate heat, till the Liquor be fully impregnated with the Vertue of the Dung. Then strain it lightly through a Linnen Cloath, into a pint of it, or as large a draught within the limit as the Patient can well take, give about half a Dram of the forementioned mixt Powder. This do in the Morning fasting, and in the Evening about Bed-time, giving also another Dose the Morning after the first.

160. *The*

K.

160. *The great Medicine of a Famous Emperick for the* Kings-Evil.

GIve for a good while together a pretty ſtrong Decoction of Devils bit.

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161. *To mitigate Pains in the* Kidneys.

TAke Oyl of Scorpions, and Oyl of Bees-wax, of each a like quantity; mix them well, and with this Mixture moderately warm, anoint the pained Kidney.

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162. *An Effectual Remedy for ſtoppage in the* Kidneys.

GIve in any convenient Liquor about a dozen Grains of Salt of Amber for a Doſe.

L.

163. *A Pleasant Medicine to appease Scorbutick* Pains *in the* Limbs.

TAke liquid *Styrax*, spread it thin upon Slinck, or some very fine Kids-Leather, and keep it upon the Part affected till it dry up of it self, or till the Patient has no more need of it.

---

164. *An Experienc'd though simple Medicine for a* Contracture *produc'd by keeping of* Limbs *too long in an undue Posture.*

ANoint well once or twice a day the Part affected with Dogs-grease, chafing it in with a warm hand, and keeping the Part warm afterwards.

M.

165. *A good Medicine to increase* Milk *to those that give Suck.*

MAke Pottage with Lentils (which many distinguish not from Vetches) and let the Patient use freely of it.

166. *Anno-*

166. *Another Medicine to increase* Milk *in Nurses.*

TAke Earth-worms, wash them well, freeing them carefully from their Excrements, and from all adhering Earth and Filth. Then dry them so as they may not stink, and yet be pulverable. Of these, reduc'd to Powder, give half a Dram or two Scruples for a Dose, in Wine or any other proper Vehicle.

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167. *A Remedy, by which many Dogs bitten by a* Mad-Dog, *have been all of them preserv'd from running Mad.*

TAke three Plants (*i.e.* Roots and Leaves) of that Herb which is called Rose-Plantane, or by some Star-Plantane, and having chopt it small with a convenient quantity of Butter, let the bitten Dog take it the first day; the second day give him five Plants order'd as before, and the next day seven. *Lychnis Salamantica Clus.*

168. A

168. *A good Remedy for divers Affections of the* Genus Nervosum, *or Nervous System.*

TAke of the fresh Roots of the Male Piony one Ounce, of the Seeds of the same Plant two Drams, and with a sufficient quantity of the Syrup of Piony, or some Conserve of the like Nature, beat them up into an Electuary, (which is best done not long before you mean to make use of it) of which the Patient may take the quantity of a small Nutmeg or more if need be twice a day, and if occasion requires it, thrice.

P.

169. *Aloetick Pills, that do scarce at all occasion the* Piles.

TAke of the *Frankfort* Angelick Pills, and give of them from one Scruple or half a Dram or two Scruples or more, for a Dose.

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170. *A Medicine for the Pain and Tumors for the* Piles.

TAke the Patient's own Urine moderately warm, and with Rags dipt in it foment for a while the Parts affected, and then anoint them with *Unguent Populeum.* This do if need be three or four times a day, and if the Tumors be

be internal, you may then inject a little of the forementioned Urine.

---

171. *An Excellent Remedy for Scorbutick and other* Pains *in the Limbs.*

TAke red and unsophisticated Oyl of Peter, and anoint therewith from time to time the Part affected.

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172. *An easie but excellent Poultise to appease* Pains *and* Aches, *even* Arthritick *or Gout-Pains.*

TAke Onions, and boyl or stew them in Water till they be soft enough to make a Poultise, then drain away the Water and beat them, and having spread them to a good thickness upon a Linnen Cloath, apply them as hot as the Patient can well bear, let him keep them on all Night.

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173. *To strengthen a Part weakened by a Sublaxation.*

SPread *Emplastrum Divinum* upon soft Leather, and apply it, keeping it on for some time.

174. *A somewhat rough Emetick, by which the* French-Pox *has been often cur'd.*

TAke good *Mercury Sublimate*, and *Mithridate* or *Venice*-Treacle, of each one Ounce, mix them together, and put them into a quart of Spring-water; set them in *Balneo* to dissolve in a close Vessel; and of this Liquor well settled, let the Patient take about half a spoonful, or if need be a spoonful, but never above a spoonful and a half, in four Ounces of small Ale warm, fasting in the Morning, and once in the Afternoon or Evening, the Stomach being empty. Every second day intermit, and give a gentle Purge.

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175. *A Choice Medicine for the* Palsie.

TAke *Sarsaparilla* a Pound and half, Bark of *Guajacum*, *China* in Chips, of each 2 Ounces and a half: Boyl all in six Pints of Water to a consumption of a third part: At the end add Raisins of the Sun stoned four Ounces, Liquorish bruised one Dram, fat Figs number twelve, boyl and strain it. Of this let the Diseased drink warm, as their ordinary Drink.

176. For

176. *For weakness in the hands, arising from the* Palsie, *or an ill cur'd* Rheumatism.

TAke the tops of Rosemary, and bruising them a little, make them up into a Ball of the bigness of a small Orange, or a large Walnut with the green Husk on. Let the Patient often roll one of these Balls between his hands, and for divers hours in a day grasp one of them in the hand affected, that it may grow hot there, and transmit its *Effluvia* into the part. Continue this course as long as the Distemper requires.

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177. *A Choice Extern[illegible]ly for Paralitick Affections.*

MAke a strong decoction of Rosemary-Leaves (or Flowers if the Season afford them) and let the Patient hold the Part affected for a good while at a time in the Liquor kept very warm. If after several tryals this Medicine prove not effectual enough, take ten drops of Oyl of Worms, and mix with it well four or five drops of Oyl of Turpentine; and with this Mixture well warm'd anoint the Part from time to time; or else let the Patent keep the Part for a good while together, for more than once or twice if need require, in warm Rain-water (to dissolve the Scorbutick Salts.)

178. *To*

178. *To take off little* Pimples *or grating inequalities within the* Eye-lids.

TAke one ſpoonful of Eye-bright-Water, one ſpoonful of Plantane-Water, and half a ſpoonful of good Red Roſe-Water; mix theſe, and put to them about 15 Grains of choice Tutty finely prepar'd; ſhake them together, and then let the Powder fall to the bottom, and with the clear Liquor moiſten the Eye ſeveral times in a day, if it be found needful.

---

179. *For the* Pleuriſy.

CUT green Broom-tops ſhort, and fill there with a Skillet or Pipkin of a pint and a half; then fill it up with Ale, boyl it ſoftly till it be waſted to two or three ſpoonfuls, it will look black like Treacle, and be thick. When 'tis enough and cold, add as much Mithridate and Nutmeg, and mingle it well, and give it the Party warm in Bed, and let him ſweat three hours or more after it, by adding ſome Cloaths. If it help not at firſt, repeat it next day, or the ſecond not to fail.

180. *An*

180. *An Experienc'd (and by some good Authors Excellent) Medicine for the* Pleurisy.

TAke as many fresh Balls of Stone-Horse Dung, as the Horse in good case may disburden himself of at one time; cover these, whilst they are warm, with good White-wine; let them stand a little to act on one another, and then press out gently through a clean Linnen Cloath as much Liquor or Juice as the Mixture will readily afford; and of this (somewhat warm) give a moderate draught, from time to time, as need shall require.

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181. *A very often Experienc'd Medicine for the* Small-Pox (*especially in Children.*)

TAke the little Balls of fresh Sheeps-dung, and having freed them from straws and dust, and other things forrain to them, put an handful of them thus cleans'd into a quart of good White-wine, and in a Vessel well stopt, let them infuse in a moderate heat for a Night, or till the Liquor be well impregnated with the taste and colour of them. Strain this Infusion, and give of it warm about a spoonful at a time, once in two or three hours, or oftner if need require. *N. B.* In case of Necessity, the Infusion may be much sooner made, by putting into the Wine a greater proportion of the Sheeps-dung.

R.

182. *A Successful Remedy for a kind of* Rheumatism, *and a Contracture of the Limbs that followed upon it.*

TAke the inward Bark (that which grows next the Wood) of an Elder-Tree, cut or tear it into small bits, and with them loosely plac'd fill about a third part of a Bottle. Then pour in as much small Ale or Beer as will fill up the remaining part of the Vessel, stop it well till the Liquor be strong of the Infusion. And of this let the Patient drink a good draught once or twice a day, or if he can well bear it, let him use it as a Diet-drink.

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183. *An approv'd outward Medicine to cause Rest without Opiates.*

TAke of Rose-Water 8 Ounces, good Wine 4 Ounces, strong Vinegar 2 Ounces; mix these well, and having warm'd stupes in them, foment therewith the Part affected, laying them on but moderately warm, but taking them off when they begin to grow cold: This fomenting may last between a quarter and half an hour before the Patient should compose himself to Rest.

S.

184. *A Choice and diversify'd Medicine for the* Scurvy.

FRom the freshly gather'd tops of Firr a little bruis'd, abstract Spirit of Wine, or at least good *Nants* Brandy, and with this Liquor draw a deep Tincture from other fresh tops, of which Tincture reduce some part into an Extract, whereof to form Pills; keep these, the Tincture and the impregnated Liquor apart, to be employ'd separately or conjoyntly as occasion may require.

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185. *For an* Excoriation, *and for preternatural Tenderness of any part of the Skin.*

TAke *Unguentum Diapompholigos*, and spread it thinly upon Lint, which must be apply'd to the Part affected, and kept on by a Bandage or some sticking Plaister.

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186. *To take off the heat and roughness of the Skin, especially on the Lips.*

ANoint the Part affected with fresh (or at least not too stale) Cream.

187. *To take out the marks of Gun-powder shot into the Skin of the Face, or elsewhere.*

TAke fresh Cow-dung, and having warm'd it a little, apply it as a thin Poultrise to the part affected, renewing it from time to time as occasion shall require.

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188. *An excellent Medicine to strengthen a weak Sight.*

TAke Eye-bright, Penny-royal, Rue, Celandine, Lovage, Saxifrage, of each half a handful, Blew-bottle-Flowers, Fennel-seeds, Parsley-seeds, of each half a Dram, Grains of Paradice one Dram, Hyssop, Organy, Willow-leaves, each half an Ounce, Galingal three Drams, Ginger half a Dram, Cinnamon one Dram, Sugar half an Ounce. Let them be finely powder'd, and very well mixt together. Take of this Powder one Scruple or half a Dram every day with your Dinner.

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189. *A distilled Water for strengthening the* Sight.

TAke Rosemary-Flowers, Sage, Betony, Rue, and Succory, of each one handful. Infuse these in two quarts of good Sack, distil them in

a Copper Alembick. The Dose is a moderate spoonful.

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190. *A Choice Medicine, which I have several times used for a light Stroke or* Contusion *of the Eye.*

PUT to two Ounces of *Carduus*-Water, or that of Betony, three or four drops of Honey, use it every three hours. (But have a care not to keep it above a day or two, lest it grow sour.)

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191. *A much commended Powder to strengthen the* Sight.

POwder of Eye-bright 1 Ounce, ordinary Fennel-seed in Powder half an Ounce, powder of Nutmegs half a quarter of an Ounce, double refin'd Sugar two Ounces. All these being finely powder'd and sifted, are to be mixt together, and taken as much as will lye on a Shilling at a time, as often as you please. The Powder is to be taken dry, and kept in a Box close shut in some dry place. This has done great Cures in dimness of Sight, and Rheums in the Eyes.

192. *To make a Drink to be taken like Tea for strengthening the* Sight.

TO a quart of Water ready to boyl, put in half a handful of Eye-bright, and then let the Liquor boyl but one walm or two, before you take it off to drink it instead of Tea.

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193. *A rare Water to strengthen the* Sight.

TAke Clary, and distil it in a cold Still; and of the Water, let the Patient take every morning, and if need be, every Night going to Bed, from two or three spoonfuls to six, either alone, or sweetned with a little Sugar; let him also with the same Water unsweetened bath or wash the Parts affected in the Morning and at Bed-time; and if need be, once or twice more every day.

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194. *An Excellent External Medicine to strengthen the* Stomach.

TAke Wormwood, Mint, and Mug-wort, and by beating them well in a stone or glass Mortar, make a Cataplasm, to be applied somewhat warm to the Stomach, and kept up on it for a pretty while.

195. An

195. *An often try'd Remedy to strengthen the* Stomach, *and also to take off Griping Pains in or near it.* (*'Tis good also for Colds.*)

TAke *Emplastrum Stomacum* of the *London Dispensatory*, and drop upon it five or six drops of Oyl of Cinnamon, rubbing it well over with your finger, and so apply it to the Patient's Stomach, and after three or four days, or as soon as it grows dry, remove it, and having scrap'd the Plaister, and warm'd it on the wrong side, let fall some drops of the Oyl of Cinnamon upon it, or more drops of the Cordial Spirit, and apply it again.

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196. *An Excellent Plaister to strengthen the* Stomach *and Chest.*

TAke of Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Cloves, and Mace, of each a sufficient quantity, powder them well, and strew some of the Powder all over the bottom of a Deal Box of a convenient length and breadth, and fit it with a cover to shut close; upon this Powder lay a piece of clean Flannel well dry'd, and strew it over thinly with some of the same Powder; then lay on another piece of the like Flannel of the same Dimentions with the former, and upon that likewise if need be a little more Powder. This done, shut the Box till the time of use, and then

take out one of the pieces of Flannel, and having lightly dusted off the Powder, lay it on the Patient's Breſt, Stomach, and Belly, and let it lye on there for ſome days. When you perceive its Vertue begins to languiſh, you muſt ſubſtitute for it the other piece of Flannel, and put the firſt in the Box to receive new Virtue, and ſo proceed alternatively as long as you need the Medicine, adding now and then ſome freſh Powder, if Neceſſity require. Note, That each piece of Flannel ought to be long and large enough to cover the Breſt, and to reach from about the Paps to the Navel, or lower.

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197. *For a Recent* Strain.

TAke a pint or more of Claret-Wine, and boyl in it for a little while, in a cloſe Veſſel, about a handful of Red Roſe-leaves, till the Liquor be ſtrong of the Plant. In this well heated dip a piece of Linnen or Flannel, and wringing out the moiſture, double it, and apply it hot to the Part affected, uſing a Fillet, or ſome ſuch thing to keep it on.

198. *My*

198. *My Lord* Bacon's *Experienc'd Medicine for a Recent* Strain *or* Bruise.

TAke a good handful of fresh Wormwood, and boyl it in a sufficient quantity of strong Ale to the softness of a Poultise, then take it off the fire, and when you apply it, which you should do whilst 'tis very hot, put to it a spoonful or two of good common Brandy.

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199. *A Choice Plaister for a Recent* Strain.

TAke equal parts of the Plaisters called *Diapalma* and *Oxycroceum*, and make of them a compounded Plaister, to be spread upon thin Leather, and apply'd to the part affected, and to be renewed, if need be, twice a day.

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200. *An approv'd Medicine for a Recent* Strain.

APply seasonably a Cataplasm made of Bran boyl'd in good Vinegar, till it be soft enough to make a Poultise.

201. *A slight but choice Remedy for a Recent* Strain.

TAke two spoonfuls of Vinegar, and beat into it very well the white of an Egg, and spreading it upon Flax or Tow, apply it to, and keep it on the Part affected.

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202. *A Parable but Excellent Medicine in the Fit of the* Stone.

TAke somewhat less than a handful of red Chick-Pease, or Cicers, and boyl them softly in a quart of Spring-water till the Liquor be red, and well impregnated with the Seeds: Strain this Decoction and sweeten it with Syrup of Marsh-Mallows, out of which all the stronger Diureticks are left.

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203. *For the* Stone.

TAke a quarter or half a pint of simple Arsmart-Water, sweeten it with a little Sugar or some convenient Syrup, and Aromatize it with a little Nutmeg scrap'd, and give this Mixture for one Dose.

204. *For the* Stone *and Gravel in the Reins and Bladder.*

TAke equal weights of common *Daucus*-ſeeds, and of Burdock-ſeed, and having mixt theſe together, put one Ounce of the Mixture to a Gallon of ſmall Ale, and let the Patient uſe it as a conſtant Drink.

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205. *A good Liquor to uſe as Drink in a long Fit of the* Stone.

MAke Poſſet-drink of three or four parts at moſt of Milk, and one of White-Wine. Into two quarts of Poſſet-drink ſcrape or thinly ſlice a Nutmeg and a half, or two Nutmegs; add a little Juice of Lemon to your Palate, and if you pleaſe ſweeten it a little with Syrup of Marſh-Mallows. Take of this Drink a pretty quantity at a time, and uſe it often in a day.

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206. *A good Medicine for the* Stone.

TAke a pint or a quart of Ale, ſomewhat new ſweeten it with pure Honey, and boyl it to the conſumption of about one half, skimming it well from time to time. Then diſſolve in it the Yolk of a new-laid Egg; and let the Patient drink a good draught of this Mixture once or twice a day, till he find relief thereby.

207. *A*

207. *A Choice Medicine in an actual fit of the* Stone.

TAke the Decoction made according to the *London Dispensatory* for the Syrup of Marsh-Mallows, with this difference, That to the same quantity of Water, you must take but half the quantities of each of the Ingredients. Let this corrected Decoction be well clarify'd, and let the Patient take of it warm 6, 8, or 10 Ounces at a draught, from time to time, as need shall require.

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208. *The* Stone, *and the Cure. Taken out of the History of the* Barbadoes, *written by* Rich. Lygon, *Gent. p.* 118, 119.

AFter the stoppage of Urine more than fourteen days, the following Medicine did not only break, but brought away all the Stones and Gravel. And about three Weeks after, the like Pains returning, the same Medicine did the like effect within ten hours after the taking thereof.

Take the Pizzle of a green Turtle (or Tortoise) which lives in the Sea, dry it with a moderate heat; pound it in a Mortar to Powder, and take of this as much as will lye upon a Shilling, in Beer, Ale, White-Wine, or the like; and in a very short time it will do the Cure. These are to be had easily, both at the *Cha-*

ribes

ribee and *Lucaick* Islands, where these Fishes abound.

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209. *A good Medicine in Pains of the* Stone, *or* Cholick.

TAke half a pint of good Sallet-Oyl, and as much good Sack, (or if that cannot be had, good Claret Wine) shake them very well together, and give them moderately warm for a Clyster.

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210. *To expel the* Stone *in a Fit.*

TAke Crabs-Eyes powder'd, and dissolve a large proportion of them in good White-wine Vinegar, and of this Drink let the Patient take from two spoonfuls to five or six at a time.

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211. *An almost Specifick Remedy for the* Tooth-ach.

INto a quart of red Wine (or at least of Claret) put one Dram of Allom, and another of Acorns, a Dram and half of Galls, and half a handful of good dry'd Rose-leaves. Boyl this to the Consumption of near half, and then take

it from the fire and ſtrain it, and diſſolve it in a Dram and a half of *Acacia* cut into ſmall bits, and with this Liquor a little hot, you muſt waſh the Part ſeveral times in a day.

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212. *An uncommon, but not unuſeful Remedy for the* Tooth-ach.

LET the Patient lye on the Ear that is oppoſite to the Part affected, and into the other Ear drop two or three drops of the freſhly expreſt Juice of Rue a little warm, and ſtop the Ear lightly with fine black Wool or Cotton.

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213. *An odd but very Succesful External Remedy for the* Tooth-ach.

IN the declining of the Moon in *Auguſt*, take the Fruit called Hipps, *viz.* thoſe of the Wild Bryar, with all the Fuzey ſtuff that grows upon it, and lapping it up in a piece of thin Sarcenet, tye it upon the Arm that is on the ſame ſide with the Part affected, and keep it on as long as there is need.

214. *For the* Tooth-ach.

TAke a handful of Red Sage, and a handful of Clary, ſhred them ſmall and beat them, ſprinkle them with *May* Dew; then ſtrain out the Juice, put it in a Glaſs Bottle, and ſet it in the Sun in a Window, and when you uſe it put three drops into a Spoon and heat it over a Candle blood warm, and drop it into the Ear, and let them eat a Cruſt of Bread, wet either in Broth or Poſſet, and chew it upon the Teeth that ake.

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215. *An Approved Medicine for an aking* Tooth *that is hollow.*

TAke two parts of common Pepper ground to fine Powder, and mix exactly with it one part of Sugar moderately fine over a gentle heat; form theſe into a Small Pill of a ſhape and bigneſs fit for your purpoſe, and when your Stuff grows cold 'twill harden, and may be apply'd when you pleaſe to the Part affected.

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216. *An Excellent Remedy to faſten* Teeth.

TAke of burnt Allum, Acorns of each one Dram, Galls a Dram and half, Red Roſes half a handful. Beat all theſe together, and make

make them boyl in about a quart of good Red Wine, to the consumption of about a fourth part. Then strain the Decoction, and dissolve in the transmitted Liquor of good *Acatia* cut into very small bits half a Dram. With this Decoction the Mouth is to be washt several times in a day.

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217. *To fasten the* Teeth.

PUT Mastick finely powder'd upon the end of an Handkerchief, rub your Teeth therewith twice or thrice in a day, and chew Mastick often. Also boyl Pomegranate flowers with Mint or Mastick in Red or Claret Wine, Gargle or wash your Mouth often with it.

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218. *A Medicine prescrib'd to a great Prince* (Charles *the First*) *to fasten the* Teeth.

TAke a pint of Spring-water, and put to it four Ounces of Brandy; let the Patient wash his Mouth with the Mixture of these every Morning, and twice or thrice a day besides; and let him in the Morning, roul for a little while, a bit of Roch-Allom to and fro in his Mouth.

219. *A*

219. *A good Astringent Liquor to fasten the* Teeth.

TO four Ounces of Claret-Wine, or some other convenient *Menstruum*, you may put to dissolve about four Drams of *Terra Japonica.*

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220. *An Excellent Medicine to fasten the* Teeth *in Scorbutick Gums.*

TAke of Choice Bole-Armoniack two Drams, choice Myrrh (not lucid) one Dram, Roch-Allom crude half a Dram, Claret-Wine one Pint. Boyl these softly a little while together, and let the Patient use twice, thrice (or if need be oftner) in a day.

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221. *To fasten* Teeth, *made loose by the Scurvy.*

ANoint the Parts affected with *Oleum Myrrhæ* made by *Deliquium* with Whites of Eggs boyl'd hard.

222. *A Lotion to faſten the* Teeth.

IN a quart of Spring-water Decoct for a while one Ounce of the beſt *Terra Japanica* reduc'd to groſs Pouder. And then having filter'd the Decoction, keep it ſtopt for uſe.

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223. *A good Aſtringent Liquor to faſten loſe* Teeth.

IN a Pint of Red Wine infuſe about half an Ounce of *Terra Japanica*, till as much as will be diſſolv'd be taken up by the Liquor. Decant it from the Fæces (if there be need) and keep it well ſtopt for uſe.

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224. *An uſeful Liquor to faſten the* Teeth, *and prevent the* Tooth-ach.

TO a Pint of Spring-water put half an Ounce of clean *Sal Armoniack*, and with the Solution of this Salt, let the Patient waſh his Mouth from time to time.

225. *To make an Excellent Poultise to ripen* Tumors.

TAke eight Ounces of (fat) Figs, two Ounces of white Lilly-Roots, and two Ounces of Bean-Flower (or Meal:) Boyl these together in Water, and reduce them to the consistence of a Poultise; which is to be spread to a good thickness, and laid warm enough upon the Part, and shifted as often as it begins to grow dry.

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226. *An Excellent Medicine to relieve those that are troubled with* Tumors *in the* Throat, *and some other Parts.*

TO a quart of New Milk put a handful of Mallow-leaves, with as much of the Leaves of *Solanum*, or Nightshade, shred them small, let them boyl, till the Herbs be tender as if they were to be eaten. Then put into the Milk as much Crumbs of White-bread, as being stirred well with the other Ingredients, will bring all to the consistence of a Poultise. This is to be spread upon a Stay for the Throat, or some other thing fit to be apply'd to any other Part affected, and is to be laid on as hot as the Patient can well endure it, and when it begins to grow cold, it is to be succeeded by fresh made very hot, and so long as the case shall require.

227. *A Medicine that lately cur'd an Obstinate* Tumor *of the Knee, that had baffled some Chirurgeons.*

TAke a green Colewort-Leaf with red Veins or Streaks, and having cut the Ribs flat and almost level to the rest of the Leaf, bruise it with the haft of a Knife, or some such thing, apply it to the Part affected, renewing it once or twice a day.

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228. *A Powerful and Experienc'd Topick for a Sore* Throat.

TAke two new-laid Eggs roasted moderately hard, and the Pap of two well-roasted Pippins; beat them well together, and add to them as much Curds of Posset made with Ale. Having incorporated them all very well, apply the Mixture very warm to the Part affected, shifting it if need be once in five or six hours.

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229. *An Approved Remedy for a Sore* Throat.

TAke Verjuice of Grapes one Ounce, good Honey half an Ounce, crude Allom about a Dram and half, and Sea-Salt half a Dram; Powder the Salts finely, and incorporate them very well with the Liquors into the form of a kind of Liniment. In this dip a long Feather, or

or a piece of Rag tyed about the end of a slender Stick (as of Liquorish) and with it touch the Part affected three, four, or five times; between each, two times gargling with a Mixture of Plantane-water, and some red Rose-water.

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230. *A Choice External Remedy for Sore* Throats.

TAke *Mellepedes*, Sows or Hogs-Lice alive, and sew them up between the foldings of a piece of Linnen, and apply them to the Throat in the form of a Stay, which is to be kept on all Night.

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231. *An easie but try'd Remedy for a Sore* Throat.

TAke Bay-Salt dry'd, and having pounded it, put it into the folds of a Rag in a sufficient quantity to make a Stay to be ty'd about the Throat, and apply it over night as hot as the Patient can conveniently endure it.

232. *A Choice Remedy for a Sore* Throat, *especially if enflam'd.*

TAke a little handful of the Leaves of common Mallows, and eight or ten good Figs; boyl these about a quarter of an hour in a Pint of New Milk, and let the Patient use it very hot and often.

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233. *A homely but Experienc'd Medicine for a Sore* Throat.

TAke about one Dram of *Album Græcum*, or white Dogs-turd burnt to perfect whiteness, and with about one Ounce of Honey of Roses, or clarify'd Honey, make thereof a *Linctus* to be very slowly let down the Throat.

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234. *A homely but Experienc'd Remedy for a Sore* Throat.

INto the Leg of a worsted Stocking that has been long worn next to the Flesh, put in a sufficient quantity of good Sea-Salt Exactly dry'd, or else decripitated, and this Salt being put in warm, if not hot, the Stocking is to be ty'd about the Patient's Neck, and kept on all Night. And if by the next Day the Distemper be not remov'd, you may apply fresh Salt (in the proportion) in the same Stocking as before, the Night following.

235. *A*

235. *A try'd Medicine for a Sore* Throat, *caused by Acid Humors in the Internal Parts of it.*

TAke half a handful of the Leaves of common Mallows, and boyl them in about a Pint of New Milk near half an hour; then let it run through a clean Cloath, and let the Patient use it a little warm three or four times a day as a Gargle, or else let him use it by holding it in his Mouth, and letting some drops slowly slide down his Throat.

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236. *An often Experienc'd Remedy for* Tettars, *and the Itch.*

TAke Flowers of Sulphur, finely powder'd, Ginger, and burnt Allom, each alike, save, that of the Allom there must be somewhat less. Incorporate these with as much fresh Butter (without any Salt) as will bring them to the consistence of an Oyntment; with this ancint the Part affected at Bed-time, as hot as the Patient can well endure it, and let it lye on all Night, wash it off in the Morning with Celandine-water well heated; and whilst you continue the use of this Medicine, take daily some Cordial, to keep the noxious Humour from being driven inwards. This will not fail to do the Work.

237. *A Choice Medicine for a* Thrush *in Young Children or a Sore Mouth.*

TAke an Egg, and put out the Meat, then fill it with the Juice of Red Sage, and set it on hot Embers till it boyl; then skim it while any skum doth rise. Then take as much Allom beaten as the bignes of a Pea or Bean, and half a spoonful of Honey, and let this be put in the Egg and boyl it a little, and so take it off; and when 'tis cold, rub the Chil'ds Mouth as oft as you see cause.

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238. *An almost Specifick Remedy for a* Tenesmus.

MIX Balsam of Sulphur made with Oyl of Turpentine with Linseed-Oyl, or some other convenient Oyl, till the Balsam be thereby so far allay'd, that the Patient may well endure it; and then let him dip his Finger in it, and make use of it as a small Suppository two or three times, or if need be, oftner in a day.

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239. *An Excellent Emulsion to be used in sharpness of* Urine, *especially caused by Blistering Plaisters.*

TAke Mallows two handfuls, Gum Arabick two Drams, Barley-water a sufficient quantity; boyl all to a quart, to which add sweet Almonds,

Almons blanch'd one ounce, of the four great cold Seeds, of each two Drams. Make an Emulsion, strain and add two Ounces of Syrup of Marsh-Mallows, of which drink at pleasure.

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240. *A Powerful Medicine for stoppage of* Urine.

FRY Chervil with a sufficient quantity of Oyl of Walnuts, and apply a Cataplasm made of it very hot to the Navel (and if need be, to the *Os Pubis*) or Share-bone.

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241. *For a Retention of* Urine.

TAke Chervil, and with fresh Hogs-Lard fry it well, and lay it very hot upon the Patient's Navel, and all the adjacent Parts, shifting it, if there be need, once or twice.

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242. *An useful Powder for such as cannot hold their* Urine.

TAke Root of the Male Piony, Yellow Amber, Red Coral, and choice Gum Arabick, of each a sufficient quantity: Reduce them to fine Powder, mix them well, and let the Patient take of this Mixture from 10 to 20 Grains twice a day.

243. *An easie Medicine for sharpness of* Urine, *and for Obstruction of the* Menses, *and their flowing too much, if the Distempers be not obstinate.*

GIve about half an Ounce at a time of the newly expreſt Juice of Ground-Ivy in any convenient Vehicle.

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244. *An Old Lithotomist's Medicine for Suppression of* Urine, *(given me by himself.)*

GIve from about 50 Grains to one Dram for a Doſe of the *Pulvis Hollandi*, and if the Neceſſity be very urgent, you may give from one Dram to four Scruples, or a Dram and half, not neglecting in the mean while other proper Remedies.

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245. *For Suppression of* Urine.

GIve about a ſpoonful at a time of bruiſed Muſtard-ſeed in any convenient Vehicle.

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246. *A try'd Medicine for a Suppression of* Urine *that is not very Obstinate.*

DIſſolve half an Ounce of choice *Caſtile*-Soap in half a Pint of White-wine, or ſome appropriated Liquor; paſs the Solution through a Woollen Filter, that the more greaſie parts may

may rest behind, and the Liquor pass more clear; put to this five or six Grains of Saffron. Divide it into two Doses, whereof one is to be given some few hours after the other, if the first do not Operate well.

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247. *A speedy Remedy for Fits of* Vomiting.

TAke a large Nutmeg, grate off one half of it, and toast the flat side of the other, till the Oily part begin to ouze or sweat out, then clap it to the Pit of the Patient's Stomach as hot as he can well endure it, and let him keep it on whilst it continues warm, and then if need be put on another.

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248. *To make an Astringent Liquor, of great use in* Ulcers *and (some) Wounds.*

BOyl two Drams of choice *Catechu*, or *Japan* Earth, in a quart of Spring-water; pour off the clear, and with it by Injection or otherwise dress the Ulcers or Wounds.

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249. *For Outward* Ulcers.

TAke the green Bark of Oak, and chop it altogether, both inside, and outside, into very small pieces. Upon these pour good Lime-water freshly made, and let them infuse in it till the Liquor has acquir'd a deep Tincture. With this dress the Ulcer once, and if need require, twice a day.

250. *The Famous* Scotch *Emperical Medicine for a Stubborn* Ulcer.

BUrn to Ashes, but not too much, the gross stalks on which the red Colewort (not Cabbage) grows, and with any fit Additament, make thereof a Cataplasm to be apply'd to the Ulcer, and shift it at reasonable distances of time.

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251. *A Remedy against the Bitings of* Vipers, *and other Venomous Creatures.*

AS soon as ever one is bitten (for if the Poyson be diffus'd through the Mass of Blood, the Experiment may not succeed) a hot Iron may be held as near the Wound as the Patient can possible endure, till it has, as they speak, drawn out all the Poyson, which will sometimes adhere like a yellowish Spot to the surface of the Iron.

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252. *Medicines against* Voiding *of Blood out of several Parts.*

TAke two Drams of Henbane-seed, and the like weight of white Poppy-seed; beat them up with an Ounce of Conserve of Red Roses, of which give to the quantity of a Nut-Meg or Walnut.

Or, Take the express'd Juice of twelve handfuls of Plantane-Leaves, and six Ounces of fresh Comfrey-Roots, well beaten together with

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a convenient quantity of fine Sugar. These two Medicines have wonderful Effects to stop Bleeding.

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253. *A Simple but powerful Remedy for fresh* Wounds.

TAke the Juice of Celandine, and dress with it Recent Wounds and Cuts, instead of a Ballam.

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254. *To Make a Simple, but Excellent Balsam to stanch the Blood of fresh* Wounds *newly made, and to heal them speedily.*

TAke good *Venice* Turpentine, and in a Limbeck, or some other convenient Vessel, distil off a good part of it with a very moderate Fire, till there remains a thick Substance, yet not like Colophony, but of a Liquid and Balsamick consistence. What you have distill'd off ser aside for other uses, for the remaining Substance is what we now seek for, and is to be apply'd as a Ballam both *per se*, and with Plagers and other helps.

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255. *A Excellent* Wound-Drink.

TAke Harts-tongue, Liverwort, Wood-Bugle, Wood-Sage, Wood-Betony, Southernwood, Wormwood, Alehoof, Buglos, Scabious, Ribwort, White bottles, Mugwort, Comfrey, Mint,

Agrimony, Strawberry and Violet-leaves, Cinquefoil, Daisie-Leaves, Roots, and Flowers, Wild Hony-suckles, Wild Angelica, Avens, Plantane, Clowns Wound-wort, Haw-thorn-buds, Oak-buds, and Bramble-buds.

Gather these Herbs in *May*, or as many as can then be had; the Buds in *March* as soon as ever they put forth, before they come to Leaves; measure them, and take equal quantities of them, and dry them severally in the shade, and when througly dryed put them up in Bags, and so keep them for use.

How to make the Drink.

Take one Gallon of Spring-water, one Pottle of the best White-wine, add to this two good handfuls of all the Herbs, mingled well together being dryed, but if green, then one good handful of each. Boyl them in a Pipkin or Iron Pot to the consumption of the half; then strain it out, and put to the Liquor a quart of Hony, and let it boyl again, and skim it, and when it's cold, put it up into Bottles stopt very close, then let the Patient drink thereof Morning and Evening about a quarter of a Pint at a time (some use only three spoonfuls at a time) fasting after taking of it one hour or two. Observe, the Liverwort is ever best to be put in green. If you make use of this for any Sore, or Ulcer in the Body, lay any Searcloath or Plaister to it, of *Unguentum Apostol.* or *Minium*, or such like, as they use for Wounds in the Body, or a Plaister of Hony and Wax.

This

This Drink is effectual for Sores old or new, Womens Breasts, putrified Bones, causing them to scale; 'tis good for any Ach in the Stomach, for the Kings-Evil it hath cured, also caused Bullets in the Flesh to come out, having long continued there. Sir *Jo. Mince* was healed by drinking of this, being wounded through the Loyns.

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256. *A quick Remedy for a small and fresh Cut, or* Wound.

LET the Patient speedily plunge the hurt part into Brandy, and keep it there for a while, till the Pain, which will be excited, be extinguish'd, or much abated: Or if the Part be unfit for this Operation, the Liquor may be apply'd to it immediately with a soft Sponge, &c.

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257. *A good Vehicle for divers Remedies, and that 'tis it self useful against the Jaundies, and* Worms *in Children.*

THE distill'd Water of the Husks of Walnuts is a very good Vehicle in divers Diseases, particularly in Jaundies; 'tis a Cordial, and exceeding proper to be mixt with Julaps in Fevers. 'Tis also an excellent Antiverminary, or Medicine against the Worms, especially for Children.

258. *A powerful Medicine for* White Fluors, (*and the like Distempers.*)

TAke a Pottle of Ale, and shred into it two Ounces of white *Ichthyocolla* (Isinglass,) and in a loosely stopt Vessel, let the Liquor simper till about half is wasted; strain the rest, and give of it two or three Ounces at a time once or twice a day, as need shall require.

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259. *A tryed Medicine for an* Ulcus Uteri.

TAke of true and choice *Bitumen Judaicum*, or *Asphaltum*, and having reduc'd it to very fine Powder, let the Patient take of it about a Dram at a time in any proper Vehicle, once or twice a day.

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260. *An Excellent* Water *to preserve the* Sight.

TO half an Ounce of Celandine-Water, and two drams of Succory-Water, mixt together, put two or three drops of clarify'd Honey, and shake them all together when you are to use them. Of this Water let fall a drop or two into the Eye once or twice a day. It will not keep above three or four days, especially in Summer, and therefore must be often renewed.

261. *A try'd Medicine for a* Whitloe.

TAke Houſe Snails and beat them, ſhells and all, in a Stone or Wooden Mortar, ſo long till they be reduc'd to the Conſiſtence of a Cataplaſm; which apply ſomewhat warm to the Part affected, and keep it on for 16 or 24 hours, renewing it then if need be.

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262. *A powerfully Diſſolving Oyntment for* Warts, *and divers Tumors.*

TAke *May*-Butter, and having melted it in a moderate heat, mix with it very diligently, but by little and little, as much Oyl of Tartar *per deliq.* as will give it a ſenſible, but not a conſiderably ſtrong taſte.

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263. *An Experienced Remedy for Bloody* Water.

TAke Waters of the black Alder, of Mallows, of each three Ounces, Syrup of Comfrey one Ounce: mix them, and let the Patient take four ſpoonfuls immediate; and four or five times a day.

264. To

264. *To make a well Experimented* Lime-Water.

TAke fresh Quick lime 2 Pound, on which pour two Gallons of Water boyling hot; when they have stood together about 24 hours, pour off the clear, and into one Gallon of this put of Anniseeds Liquorish, and Sassafras thinly slic'd, of each four Ounces. Let them infuse for 24 or 48 hours in a cover'd Vessel; then take a pound and a half of *Smirna* Raisins (which some call great blew Currans) wash'd and stamp'd. Let these infuse for a few hours, and then pass the whole Mixture first through a Sieve, and then through a woolen Bag. The Dose is about a quarter of a pint warm twice a day.

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265. *An Experienc'd Medicine to Correct the peccant Humor in the* Kings-Evil.

TAke half an Ounce of Cuttle-Bone dry'd, till it may be finely powder'd. Give this to the Patient for one Dose.

266. *An*

266. *An Excellent and often-try'd Clyster in Fluxes, especially in sharp Humors, and some other Distempers of the Bowels.*

IN a Quart of New Milk boyl softly two small spoonfuls of grosly powder'd Rice, till it be brought to the consistence of Cream, then dissolve in it two Ounces of our Suet of Sheeps-Kidneys, and having strain'd it to keep back the Fibres, give it at once for a Lavement.

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267. *A Cure for* Schrophula's, *and the Kings-Evil.*

TAke a handful of *Paronychia folio rutaceo*, call'd Rue Whitlow-grass, and by some, Felon-wort, boyl it every Morning in a quart of small Beer, strain it, and drink it for your ordinary Drink. It wastes the peccant Humor, appeases the Pains, discusses the unbroken Tumors, and heals the broken ones.

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268. *Against Epilepsies, or the* Falling-Sickness.

TAke of the Powder of the true Misseltoe of the Oak as much as will lye upon a Sixpence, early in the Morning, in Black Cherry-water, for some days near the Full Moon.

269. *A*

269. *A simple Remedy for the* Stone.

TAke *Persicaria*, or Arsmart, as much as you please, Distil it in a common Rose-water Still, and give some spoonfuls of it in or before the Fits.

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270. *An Excellent Remedy against* Fluxes.

TAke unsalted Butter, boyl it gently till the pretty part be consum'd, skimming it diligently from time to time, whilst it stands over the Fire: Of this Butter melted give now and then a considerable quantity, as the Patient is able to bear it. This Medicine was very Successful in *Ireland.*

FINIS.